

# CHINA MAIL

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## STRIPPING OF WAR POTENTIAL

TOKYO, DEC. 7. MR. EDWIN PAULEY, THE UNITED STATES REPARATIONS COMMISSIONER, TODAY RECOMMENDED THAT JAPAN BE STRIPPED OF ALL HER ASSETS ABROAD, VIRTUALLY ALL THE CHEMICAL, STEEL, SHIPBUILDING CAPACITY AND HALF OF HER ELECTRIC POWER MACHINE TOOL INDUSTRIES. HE SAID HE WAS RECOMMENDING THIS TO PRESIDENT TRUMAN TO DESTROY ANY POSSIBILITY OF JAPAN EVER AGAIN WAGING WAR AND TO REIMBURSE THE COUNTRIES SHE HAD VICTIMISED. HE STATED THAT EQUIPMENT BUILT UP BY JAPAN DURING THE PAST GENERATION WAS ALL FOR WAGING WAR.

## Tojo To Face Trial Next Month

TOKYO, DEC. 7. JAPANESE WAR CRIMES TRIALS PROBABLY WILL START IN JANUARY, WITH WARTIME PREMIER TOJO AND OTHERS OF HIS CABINET AMONG THE FIRST TO BE TRIED.

Joseph B. Keenan, special staff counsel for General MacArthur, made the announcement today. Keenan flatly declined to answer questions as to the Allied attitude toward Emperor Hirohito.

He said war criminal suspects probably will be tried in groups by a court appointed by General MacArthur. He said other nations have been invited to send nominees for membership on the court, but said no names had been received.

Keenan disclosed the trial procedure will be based upon "Anglo-Saxon ideas of justice" and "the accused will be presumed innocent until proved guilty."—Associated Press.

## Old School Tie Loses Magic

LONDON, DEC. 7. THE GREAT POLITICAL, SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHANGES THROUGH WHICH THIS HEART OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE IS PASSING ARE A SOURCE OF CONSTANT WONDER TO THE VISITOR WHO KNEW PRE-WAR LONDON. DEWITT MACKENZIE, FRENCH FOREIGN CORRESPONDENT AND POLITICAL ANALYST, WROTE TODAY:

Old traditions are being shattered like glass balls in a shooting gallery, he wrote, adding: "Class distinctions are drawing closer together and the old school tie has lost much of its magic as a passport to special privileges."

We get a vivid flash of all this in the fierce clash which began in the House of Commons Thursday continued until today's vote of confidence in the Labour Government.

This was no ordinary parliamentary debate. It is a maneuvering for position by two fundamentally different political creeds.—Associated Press.

## Hurley To Amplify

Washington, Dec. 7. Chairman Connally of the Senate foreign relations committee said today that Ambassador Hurley will be called back before the committee to amplify his contention that Under-Secretary of State Dean Acheson "defeated" American foreign policy in Iran.

Hurley had said he preferred that Acheson's actions be disclosed by State Department documents which have not been introduced at the hearing on Hurley's charges against State Department officials.

Meanwhile, the committee invited Secretary of State Byrnes to develop his side of the controversy between Hurley and the State Department. Connally said Byrnes had been provided a complete transcript of Hurley's testimony in the past two days and it would be invited to go through it point by point.—Associated Press.

## Search For Missing Navy Plane

PORTLAND, DEC. 7. GALES ALONG THE PACIFIC COAST FROM NORTHERN CALIFORNIA TO ALASKA HAVE HAMPERED SEA AND AIR SEARCH FOR A NAVY TRANSPORT WITH 26 MEN ABOARD.

The plane has been missing since Nov. 29, after leaving Kodiak, Alaska, for Seattle.

Total servicemen unaccounted for in the north-west was 38 army and navy airmen and passengers.

Seven planes, involving 54 servicemen, have disappeared in a five-week period, during storms or bad flying conditions in the region. Associated Press.

## RAGING FIRE ON OIL SHIPS

LONG BEACH, CAL. DEC. 7. A RAGING FIRE AT THE CONSOLIDATED STEEL CORPORATION TACK HERE TO-DAY SPREAD TO TWO OIL LADEN SHIPS, THE OTHER VESSELS ON THE DOCK WERE PULLED AWAY.

The fire started when an oil or gasoline line broke beneath the outfitting dock.

Port officials said that damage to the dock and ships might run to more than \$1,000,000.—Associated Press.

## "Radium-Like" Rays Of The Atom Bomb

WASHINGTON, DEC. 7. DR. PHILIP MORRISON, WHO HELPED TO ASSEMBLE THE ATOMIC BOMBS, TODAY DESCRIBED HOW THEIR RAYS KILLED JAPANESE WEEKS AFTER THEIR BLASTS OVER HIROSHIMA AND NAGASAKI. HE SAID THE RAYS AFFECTED BLOOD AND MADE THE VICTIMS A PREY TO FATAL INFECTION.

In a statement prepared for a special Senate Atomic Committee, Morrison told of the gruesome findings of a party which inspected the devastated cities after the Japanese had surrendered.

He said most of the persons within a mile of where the bombs fell died quickly from great heat or injuries.

But many, he said, "died from the effects of radium-like rays emitted in great numbers from the bomb at the instant of the explosion."

**BLOOD OOZES**

"This radiation affects the blood-forming tissues in the bone marrow and the whole function of the blood is impaired," said the former Illinois Physics instructor.

"But the blood does not coagulate but oozes in many spots through unbroken skin and internally seeps into the cavities of the body. The white corpuscles which fight infection disappear."

"Lack of these corpuscles permits the infection to prosper," Morrison said, "and the patient dies usually two weeks after exposure."—Associated Press.

## CONTROL OF NARCOTICS

London, Dec. 7. The control of narcotic drugs, as outlined in a proposal submitted by China and supported by Britain and the United States, was unanimously agreed upon today by the Technical Committee of the United Nations Preparatory Commission.—Reuter.

## Treaty Ratified

Moscow, Dec. 7. Tass news agency announced today that Soviet Russia has exchanged with the Chinese Government official ratifications of the Treaty of Friendship between the two countries which was signed in Moscow last August.—Associated Press.

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## ADMIRAL FIXED NORWAY'S STOOGES

THE QUIET SCHOLARLY, SEEMINGLY HARMLESS ALFRED ROSENBERG AND THE DEVOUT, CLOUDED ADMIRAL RAEDER BECAME FULL-FLEDGED PRINCIPALS IN THE WAR CRIMES TRIAL ON THURSDAY, AS THE CHIEF INSTIGATORS OF THE AGGRESSION AGAINST NORWAY.

THEIR OPPOSITE NUMBER AND FAITHFUL TOOL IN HAAKON'S KINGDOM WAS VIDKUN QUILSING, ACCORDING TO DOCUMENTS INTRODUCED BY THE BRITISH PROSECUTION.

Raeder, as early as February 12, 1939, reported to Hitler that he had received Quisling. He stated, according to the documents:

"Quisling creates the impression of being reliable. He has good connections with the officers of the Norwegian army and has supporters in important positions; he is ready to take over the government and call on Germany for help."

Despite his avowed favorable impression of Quisling, the cautious Raeder advised going slow in dealing with him. This led Hitler to remark that he had "thought of seeing Quisling personally" in order to "form an impression of him," but decided to see Rosenberg first "as he has known Quisling for a long time."

Rosenberg quickly rose to the occasion, producing a memorandum for Raeder saying: "I inform you that Quisling is considered one of the best known Scandinavian officers of the German Staff." He added: "The King knows Quisling very well" from the time he held office and he believes the King also had a high opinion of him.

Carl Hambro, the Norwegian Jew, is cited as Germany's greatest enemy.—Associated Press.

## Major Haul At Kowloon Canteen

Police are investigating a major haul at the Prince Edward Road canteen of H.M.S. Nabcatcher.

According to a report made to Shamshuipo police station by Mr. G. Harrop, assistant manager of the canteen, 100,000 cigarettes were stolen from the canteen at about 1 o'clock on Thursday morning. The cigarettes are valued at \$2,760.

In addition to the cigarettes, three large tins of Peek Frean's biscuits were stolen.

The cigarettes consisted of eight dozen tins of Players as well as Peter Jackson and Churchman's.

## ARMISTICE DAY SUICIDE

LONDON, DEC. 7. A RUSTY SIX-CHAMBERED REVOLVER RECOVERED FROM THE THAMES WAS IDENTIFIED AT AN INQUEST AT SOUTHWARK TODAY AS BELONGING TO WARWICK OFFICER TADUESZ BYCZYNSKI, 26-YEAR-OLD POLISH AIRMAN FOUND SHOT ON WESTMINSTER BRIDGE ON ARMISTICE DAY.

A verdict of suicide was returned, the Coroner saying that Byczynski's rate of expenditure would require a four-figure income.

He gambled and was the kind of gambler who tried to replenish by reckless rambling.—Reuter.

## Too High For Him

WASHINGTON, DEC. 7. UNDER-SECRETARY OF NAVY ARTEMUS L. GATES TODAY PAID A SECOND CALL ON PRESIDENT TRUMAN SINCE HIS RETURN FROM HIS TOUR IN CHINA.

Gates declined to discuss the subject of his conference. When reminded that he had stated abroad that he would make a recommendation respecting policy in China, Gates replied: "That's gotten into higher circles."

NUERNBERG, DEC. 7. HITLER SECRETLY AGREED UPON SEPT. 1, 1939, AS THE DATE FOR THE INVASION OF POLAND FIVE MONTHS IN ADVANCE WHILE FAISELY CLAIMING TO THE WORLD HE HAD NO THOUGHT OF FURTHER AGGRESSION. GERMAN RECORDS INTRODUCED AT THE WAR CRIME TRIAL HERE OF 20 NAZI WARLORDS DISCLOSED TODAY.

PROVING THE LIES OF HITLER'S DIPLOMATIC DOUBLE TALK, WITH THE FUERHER'S OWN OFFICIAL RECORDS, THE BRITISH PROSECUTORS DISCLOSED THAT THE WEHRMARCH DIRECTIVE DATED APRIL 8, 1939, ORDERED THE ARMY TO BE READY FOR THE POLISH INVASION "ANY TIME FROM SEPT. 1, 1939, ONWARDS."

Three weeks after the date set, Hitler made a speech to the Reichstag on April 28 in which he shouted he "had no thought of proceeding in any way against Poland," according to other documents introduced.

At the request of counsel for the 20 Nazi leaders a recess in the trial was ordered from Dec. 20 to Jan. 2.

The prosecutor described Germany's "disregard" of her pledged word when he submitted further evidence of the conspiracy against Poland.

## CONSPIRACY

A document about the attack on Danzig showed that Keitel, on June 22, told his staff to give the impression that they were calling up reserves only for autumn manoeuvres, although he had already submitted a time table to Hitler for an attack on Poland.

At the end of August Hitler issued an order, also submitted in evidence, settling as time for the attack against Poland at 04.45 hours on Sept. 1.

Commanders were instructed not to move against France and Britain at first, even to the extent of ignoring local incidents. If France and Britain attacked the German west front the army was to conserve its strength until Poland was dealt with while U-boats were to apply pressure against British shipping.

## PLANS READY

The prosecutor introduced a letter written by Walther Funk to Hitler showing that plans for financing war had been completed by August 25, 1939.

Another document disclosed that Goering told interrogators in Nuernberg that during the week before the outbreak of war he had been in secret communication with Lord Halifax, then British Foreign Secretary, "to do everything to stop war with Britain."

## WHITE ENSIGN USED

Nuernberg, Dec. 7. The German Navy's warships and camouflaged troopships carried British flags and signals to disguise the speedy fifth-column.

—Associated Press and Reuter.

## Blonde's Story Of Hitler Drama

OBERSSEL, DEC. 7. A BLONDE WOMAN PILOT SAID TODAY THAT HITLER AND MARTIN BORMANN, HIS MINISTRE DEPUTY NOW BEING TRIED IN ABSENCE, HAD JOINED IN A SUICIDE PACT A FEW HOURS BEFORE THE FALL OF BERLIN.

SHE SAID, HOWEVER, THAT SHE LEFT UPON THE FUERHER'S ORDERS BEFORE THE SUICIDES WERE CARRIED OUT.

Tracing Hitler's actions as he and the little group of associates huddled in a bunker under the Reich's Chancellery while the Russians closed in, she said the Fuehrer was raving and ranting repeatedly and berated Hermann Goering, Heinrich Himmler and other Nazi leaders as traitors who had deserted him in an attempt to save their necks.

As the intensity of the Russian artillery barrage increased, she said, the shaking Fuehrer was on the verge of collapse and called for repeated suicide rehearsals while the elite guard charged with destroying the bodies stood by.

Until the last, she said, Hitler pinned his hopes on the arrival of an army commanded by General Wenck, which he believed was to come up from the south to rescue him.

She said she learned later that this army had been destroyed by the Russians.—Associated Press.

## Might Be Illegal

Washington, Dec. 7. Testimony at the Pearl Harbor Inquiry today disclosed that the United States was reading secret code messages of the Japanese as far back as early in 1940, despite some concern about its being illegal.

General Marshall testified that his predecessor, General Keith Graves, feared that interception was illegal but that decoding, nevertheless, continued.—Associated Press.

## TERMS NOT POPULAR IN CONGRESS

WASHINGTON, DEC. 7. THE ADMINISTRATION TO-DAY MARSHALLED ITS ARGUMENT BEHIND THE \$4,400,000,000 CREDIT OFFER TO BRITAIN, CONVINCED THAT ANY MAJOR CONGRESSIONAL CHANGE WOULD IMPERIL HOPES FOR AN Anglo-American TRADE CO-OPERATION.

Signs pointed to a bitter struggle over Congressional approval of the loan. Harsh words were heard from Democrats as well as Republicans in the House even before the credit agreement was officially announced.

State Department and Treasury officials who participated in the loan terms would force voted that any major change in the loan terms would force Britain to reject the loan altogether and pursue her own economic course within the restricted bloc of sterling countries.—Associated Press.

## Seamen Who Won't Strike

London, Dec. 7. There is to be close association between the National Union of Seamen of Great Britain and the Indian Seamen's Union with interchange of officials as the next move to raise the wages and the living conditions of Indian seamen, said Charles Jarman, Secretary of the British Seamen's Union in London today.

Jarman added that there was no likelihood at present of Indian seamen organizing a strike to achieve the realization of their grievances.

"I think it useless to start talking about strikes," said Jarman. "If we start with threats, then we are not creating the right atmosphere and we shall not bring about the reforms we seek."

"Shipowners in the past have always said there was no reliable official seamen's organization in India with which they could negotiate. The National Union of Seamen in Great Britain is now prepared to say that there is such an organization—the Indian Seamen's Union. We are prepared to back this union in any negotiations. If these fail, then the big stick will be brought out, but at the moment its place is where it should be—locked up in the cupboard."—Reuter.

Port Shafter, Hawaii, Dec. 7. Lieut. General Robert Eichelberger, flying to Alabilla from here for his first Christmas with his wife since 1941, today promised "We are going to have all our 60-pointers aloft by Dec. 15 and by early January we are going to have the 25 and overs on the way. Our higher point men are already gone and we are ahead of our plan's schedule."—Associated Press.

## Communists Accuse A Jap. General

YENAN, DEC. 7. THE CHINESE COMMUNIST WAR CRIMES COMMISSION TODAY CHARGED THAT GENERAL YASAJI OKAMURA, FORMER COMMANDER OF THE JAPANESE FORCES IN CHINA, PERSONALLY DIRECTED AND WITNESSED THE MASSACRE OF AN ENTIRE NORTH CHINA VILLAGE IN 1942.

THE COMMISSION, THROUGH ITS CHAIRMAN WU YU CHANG NAMED OKAMURA NO. 1 WAR CRIMINAL AND DEMANDED THAT HE BE PLACED UNDER IMMEDIATE ARREST.

Okamura is in Nanjing as Chief Liaison Officer between the Nationalist troops and the remaining Japanese.

Lieut. General Takashi Tada, Okamura's predecessor, is listed as No. 2 war criminal accused of having ordered the mass execution of more than 1,000 men, women and children.

Okamura's sanction of and presence at the destruction of Peitan village in central Hopei was one of the two known atrocities he personally ordered and witnessed, Wu declared, adding that 600 persons died of suffocation sealed in a tunnel.

On July 1, 1941, Okamura ordered more than 200 soldiers of the Communist 8th Route Army to be used for bayonet practice in Talyuan, capital of Shansi province. Wu charged.—Associated Press.



## THE CHINA MAIL

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## Egypt's Aspirations

The agitation in Egypt for revision of the Anglo-Egyptian Treaty, the withdrawal of British troops and the inclusion of Sudan in Egypt proper has been steadily working up, and the action of leading Cabinet members to force the Premier to action is not unexpected. It is not a matter over which serious quarrel is likely to develop. British opinion is ready for full concession to the reality, and it is agreed that the terms of Anglo-Egyptian relations need to be brought into conformity with experience. The years of war have thrown light upon many matters which at the time when the treaty was signed appeared open to doubt. The collaboration of Egypt extended far beyond the mere letter of her obligations; every branch of the administration afforded whole-hearted aid to Britain. Even in the darkest hours of Rommel's advance, her leaders and her people contributed loyally to the success of British plans for defending the country. Egypt is sound when she begins to feel that she can be trusted to play her part in the new machinery of international security without the stiffening afforded by the presence of considerable British forces in the Canal Zone. She is also a little anxious lest recent developments in Sudanese nationalism should weaken the intimacy of her traditional ties with the territory of the Upper Nile. On the other hand, Britain may also have adjustments to suggest in the light of the lessons of the past few years; for the course of the war has demonstrated anew the importance of Egypt both for British lines of communications through the Middle East and in any international project for safeguarding world peace. Moreover it has become apparent that the close and friendly co-operation of the Egyptian Government throughout the entire area of its national territory is just as vital to international security as the provision of special arrangements in the Canal Zone. The terms of the treaty provide that, if both parties are in agreement, revision can take place after a period of ten years, which expires in August, 1946. Failing this, either party can seek revision after the period of twenty years fixed for the life of the treaty. Any revision must provide for the continuation of the alliance—a salutary stipulation from which neither side will desire to depart. Certain of the terms providing for arbitration by the League of Nations are now out of date, apart from any changes which either Britain or Egypt may contemplate; and a new treaty will doubtless have to be framed in harmony with the requirements of the United Nations machinery for international security. But the treaty of 1936 will always remain a landmark. Its conclusion marked Britain's recognition of Egypt's sovereign independence; and it prepared the way for the co-operation between the two nations which served to safeguard both their interests throughout the most critical period of the war.

## CATHEDRAL WEDDING

In a quiet but pretty wedding at the Catholic Cathedral in Cairo Road, Miss Sylvia Tavaras was married yesterday to Mr. James Winward. The Rev. Fr. E. Bruzzone officiated. The bride, who looked charming in a dress of rose French crepe, with maroon accessories, and carried a bouquet of white chrysanthemums, was given away by Mr. R. A. E. Watson. Mr. James Winward was attended by Mr. G. Bhungana as best man. A reception, attended by many friends of the happy couple, was held following the ceremony at 2, Holland House.

## CHINESE LED GREAT LITTLE ARMY OF MALAYAN MAQUIS

WITH ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE DISBANDING OF THE MPAAJ THERE COMES TO A CLOSE A STORY OF GUERRILLA FIGHTING AND ORGANISATION COMPARABLE TO THE MAQUIS IN THE EUROPEAN THEATRE OF OPERATIONS.

MPAAJ STANDS FOR THE MALAYA PEOPLES ANTI JAPANESE ARMY A JUNGLE UNDERGROUND MOVEMENT ORGANISED AND DISCIPLINED ON A SCALE THAT WAS MASTERLY ESPECIALLY IN VIEW OF THE EXCEPTIONALLY DIFFICULT COUNTRY, THE ENORMOUS DISTANCES INVOLVED AND THE HAZARDOUS MEANS OF COMMUNICATION.

The great majority of the great little army was composed of Chinese, both Malayan born and those having come into the country before the Japanese occupation. In 1942, when Japanese forces were sweeping down the peninsula upon Singapore, 165 young Chinese members of patriotic and communist societies volunteered to undergo emergency training in guerrilla activities; they were deposited in four parties with explosives, ammunition and food behind the enemy lines. Simultaneously with the recruitment of other patriots to this force throughout the peninsula, young Chinese formed themselves into guerrilla bands and so came into being the MPAAJ.

Many during raids and ambushes were carried out until the expenditure of ammunition gave the Japanese the upper hand and the guerrilla bands were forced into the jungle and hills. Here, in spite of great hardships from privation and disease, they carried on the struggle and emerged to fight whenever opportunity occurred.

## PAID FOR EVERYTHING

Throughout the whole campaign the MPAAJ were scrupulous in paying for everything that limit supplies could provide them with. The money was collected from outside supporters and every contribution was duly acknowledged and receipted. For their safety and support the A.J.A. had to rely greatly upon the Sakai, a strange shy race of jungle men who lived in the hills and had no contact with the outside world. The Sakai themselves were existing only just above starvation level but the spirit of co-operation and communal endeavour prevailed throughout the Peninsula and proved too strong a bond for the Japs to break. The A.J.A. sought out all Europeans left behind and not captured by the enemy, and for three years gave them shelter and protection. Though many died from privation in the early days several survived to tell the tale. All this had not been done without suffering or loss of life. Like all guerrillas the A.J.A. appreciated only too well the price upon the head of any and every one who was captured. If anyone was captured it meant torture until information had been extracted and then a lingering and horrible death. Very many did pay the extreme price.

## JOINED AT TWELVE

One Chinese had joined the A.J.A. at the age of 12 and fought with them in the Malayan Jungle until one day he and his section were ambushed by Japs at 30 yards range. He was shot through the chest and on recovering consciousness found he had been left for dead by his companions, who had been compelled to withdraw. He moved slightly and was shot through the thigh. Regaining consciousness, he heard the Japs from a few feet away calling upon him to surrender. The guerrillas carried two hand grenades in a basket at each of their belts. The youngster extracted the pin from one and weak as he was managed to throw it into the midst of the Japs, killing three and wounding the remainder. Though he himself was spattered by bomb splinter and suffering from the heat of the explosion, he crawled laboriously back to meet his section who on hearing the explosion had rushed up to his support. He died from wounds two days later.

Another young Chinese found himself surrounded by the enemy and with remarkable audacity pulled the pin out of one of his grenades and walked straight through the enemy calling out to them "Now shoot me." The Japs were not so foolhardy and he escaped unscathed.

## PAID THE PRICE

Those are but two incidents of hundreds which happened every month up and down the Peninsula and they were made possible in great measure by the villagers. The latter provided the A.J.A. not only with food but with much valuable information about enemy movements and helped in the difficult task of conveying messages vital to the organisation.

The villagers, too, paid their price. If it were not suspected that a village had helped the A.J.A. in any way all the inhabitants were butchered and their huts razed to the ground. But the work went on and the grim determination to resist to the end was strengthened a hundredfold by the end of 1944.

Wireless communication had been established with South East Asia Command in Ceylon and it was possible by fitting long-range

fuel tanks to the mark VZV Liberator to fly from Calcutta to Malaya to drop officers, men, arms and equipment. The journey took 22 hours and was comparable with crossing the Atlantic three times non-stop. So everything became ready for Malayan D-Day and 35 patrols of guerrillas were re-equipped, re-trained and ready to attack and disrupt Japanese communications as the first Allied troops landed.

## FINAL TRIBUTES

V.J.-Day intervened and the A.J.A. was deprived of what would have been its most glorious moment. Naturally some disappointment was felt but the later domination of Nippon was over and Malaya was free once more. Up and down the country on December 1 the final tributes were paid to these gallant warriors of the jungle when disbandment parades were held from Alor Star in the North to Johore Bahru in the South.

At Kuala Lumpur, Lieut. General Sir Frank Messervy, C. in C. Malaya, addressed men of the A.J.A. As many remembered their comrades who had lost their lives, General Messervy expressed to the survivors an Allied tribute in which he said: "I wish to thank you for your gallantry and determination in resisting the evil foe we have been fighting together, the Japanese army and administration. It needs both moral and physical courage to take up arms against a ruthless and powerful enemy in a country firmly occupied by his troops and full of his spies. Underfired by all dangers you fought against evil until victory came. You have done well and I congratulate you on the part you have played in the liberation of Malaya."

## Assault Case Story

THE CASE IN WHICH MOSES NG WAS SUMMONED BY SHIN KA-SHING FOR ASSAULT, WAS CONTINUED BEFORE MR. C. Y. KWAN AT THE SUMMARY MILITARY COURT YESTERDAY.

SHIN KA-SHING SUED MOSES NG CLAIMING THAT NG STRUCK HIM IN THE LEFT EYE AT NO. 16, MORRISON HILL ROAD, THIRD FLOOR, RESIDENCE OF MISS DIANA CHAN ON OCTOBER 31.

Moses Ng brought a counter-claim against Shin for "having falsely and maliciously slandered him by calling him a traitor," also for assault and threatening him with injury. Mr. F. Zimmer appeared for Shin and Mr. Hin Shing Lo for Ng.

Dr. Sin Kwan-sang, uncle of Shin, recalled to the witness box, said that he visited Miss Chan on November 11, in order to effect a compromise in the incident. On the following day, Moses Ng telephoned him on the same subject.

In cross-examination, Mr. Lo asked, "Why did you fail to effect a compromise?" "Because Moses Ng double-crossed me," "In what way did Ng double-cross you?"

"He promised to withdraw the summons and he did not do so." "Have you any resentment or personal grudge against Miss Diana Chan?"

"No." "Not wrong." Mr. Lo then continued, "I am instructed to challenge you to bring out anything that you possibly know to show that she had improper connections with the Japanese?"

"No. Except she worked with the Japanese Consul." "Do you consider that is wrong?"

"No." "Apart from the purchase of a motor car by Ng, I challenge you to say anything against Moses Ng in connection with the Japanese?"

"No, nothing at all." "Except that he is a liar in connection with this case?"

"I never said anything of that sort." "Did Ng complain to you regarding your nephew?"

"No." "Do you say that Ng has lied in Court when he stated in evidence that your nephew called him a traitor?"

"I think he has not spoken the truth."

"Are you regarded as a reliable friend that Ng must complain to about your nephew?"

"No ill feeling."

"I expect him to tell us he has done so many times before."

"I put it to you," said Mr. Lo, "that you come to Court to give evidence to support your nephew because he is a Police officer?"

"For the sake of justice, I came forward," answered Dr. Shin.

"And you tell the Court that

## R.A.F. Dance At Kowloon Tong Club

The Kowloon Tong Club hall was packed with a gay crowd of about 150 couples when another successful dance was held last night by the combined effort of officers and men of 2708 Squadron, R.A.F. Regiment.

Fl-Lt. Kelly did a very good job in cleaning the club premises, re-installing electrical supplies and decorating the hall. From an absolutely bare hall the Kowloon Tong Club was transformed into a gayly decorated rendezvous.

Colourful flags were borrowed from the Navy and all but the Stars and Stripes were hung up. The men of 2708 Squadron tried their best to procure the flag of their Yankee Allies but failed to do so.

It was the first dance held by 2708 Squadron since they left England, and to ensure a success, the men had been saving up beer and other drinks.

The seven-piece band, specially picked from the R.A.F. Regiment, supplied the latest popular tunes from 8.00 p.m. to midnight. Fl-Lt. Kelly hopes to hold another dance before Christmas but it may depend on the "beer savings." However, the Squadron has booked the Club house for another dance on New Year's Eve.

## SHELL UNEARTHED

An unexploded shell was found in the compound of No. 195, The Peak, yesterday while workers were digging earth in the vicinity. It is believed the shell is a relic of the Japanese occupation. The Royal Engineers were informed and the shell was removed yesterday afternoon.

Chungking advises that private telegrams may now be accepted between Hong Kong and Chungking.

## Changes In Colony's Rating Laws

BY A PROCLAMATION APPEARING IN THE HONG KONG (BRITISH MILITARY ADMINISTRATION) GAZETTE OF TO-DAY'S DATE, SOME MODIFICATIONS ARE MADE TO THE LAWS RELATING TO RATING FORMERLY EMBODIED IN THE RATING ORDINANCE OF 1901.

THESE MODIFICATIONS HAVE BEEN INTRODUCED AS A NECESSARY MEASURE TO MEET THE CIRCUMSTANCES NOW PREVAILING IN THE COLONY.

The valuations for 1940 as amended up to December, 1941 have been adopted and the list of such valuations may be inspected at the office of the Rating Officer situated at Prince's Building, 1A, Des Voeux Road Central.

As compared with the rates prevailing before the occupation, the present charges are slightly less and are not on a sliding scale as in the Ordinance. Uniform rates at the rate of 1-1/2 per cent. will be charged for all premises in respect of each month commencing the 1st October, 1945. These rates will be payable on the 1st of January, 1946, to the Officer-in-Charge of the Accounts Section of the Finance Branch for the period commencing on the 1st of October, 1945, up to the end of March, 1946. Thereafter, the rates will be paid quarterly in advance.

Owing to the large number of premises destroyed or rendered uninhabitable during the Japanese occupation, the 1940 list is defective and wide powers of exemption are given to the C.C.A.O., who may also exercise the same powers in cases where the granting of exemptions might encourage new enterprises.

Any person who is aggrieved with the valuation on the ground that any tenement is wrongly included in the list or that any tenement

## MONEY RESTRICTION

Persons entering Canton from Hong Kong or Macao will henceforth not be allowed to take with them more than CN\$500,000 each, unless they have a special permit from the Chinese Customs, according to a notification just issued by the Commissioner of Chinese Maritime Customs in Canton.

## CORRESPONDENCE

## INTERNEES

Sir,—I read with interest and, I might add, with faint amusement, the comments made in your columns on the reception of ex-internees in the U.K.

What a surprise it must be to them to be told that they are to be treated in exactly the same way as those who have been bombed out of their homes by bomb and rocket. How shocked they must be to find that they will be directed by the Ministry of Labour into whatever avenue of employment they are needed.

There are thousands in the U.K. who have lost as much if not more than the ex-internees of Hong Kong and what is more a state of emergency still exists there, the net result of which is that all receive equal treatment with regard to financial assistance and occupation.

When the ex-internees realise that, and that in the U.K. the fact they have landed over a group of Chinese workers cuts no ice, then they may be able to settle down to lead a useful life and work for the good of the community no matter how distasteful it may be.

In any case, if such is their desire, they will soon be able to return and take up their positions as lords and masters in Hong Kong.

J. T. MORGAN

## FLEECE

Sir,—We find that we are being charged exorbitant prices for man-powered conveyances. One Dollar seems to be the standard charge for short rides in these quaint machines.

May I suggest that a statement be made in your paper showing the charge per minute in rickshaws, bicycles and pillion cycles. This knowledge would be of great assistance to Servicemen who are already fleeced enough by these Chinese "business-men."

I would suggest that the prices be also shown in the Chinese press.

For the whole fleet. J. W. M. WATTS. (The charges for tricycles and pillion-bicycles are not under official control. Such contrivances did not exist in pre-war days. The rickshaw rates are above official requirements if you pay 20 cents for 10 minutes, 40 cents for 20 minutes, and 60 cents for half an hour. Wise policy is to pay a fair rate, and having done so, don't get involved in discussion, but just walk off.—Ed. C.M.)

H.M.S. Caesar and H.M.S. Terpsichore left Hong Kong yesterday, the latter destined for Amoy. Terpsichore is expected to return on Monday.

## Brigadier MacDougall Addresses Tribunal

THE TENANCY TRIBUNAL, WHICH HAS BEEN SET UP BY GOVERNMENT PROCLAMATION TO HELP SOLVE THE COLONY'S HOUSING PROBLEM, WAS FORMALLY INAUGURATED AT THE SUPREME COURT YESTERDAY WHEN THE 35 MEMBERS FROM WHICH THE FIVE PANELS WILL BE DRAWN WERE INTRODUCED TO BRIG. D. M. MACDOUGALL, CHIEF CIVIL AFFAIRS OFFICER.

MR. LEO D'ALMADA, CHAIRMAN OF THE RENTS ADVISORY COMMITTEE, PRESIDED AT THE MEETING. PRESENT ALSO AT THE MEETING WERE COL. G. E. STRICKLAND, C. A. (LEGAL), MR. M. W. LO AND MR. H. RUTTONJEE, BOTH MEMBERS OF THE RENTS ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

Introducing Brig. MacDougall, Mr. d'Almada said that he would try his best to reproduce the atmosphere of a board meeting.

The meeting, he said, was called for a two-fold purpose the first and chief of which was in order that Brig. MacDougall might have the chance of meeting the members of the Tribunal. The second purpose was an informal discussion between the members as regards procedure and, probably, difficulties that might arise in connection with the working of the proclamation.

Addressing the meeting Brig. MacDougall said: "I very much appreciate the opportunity of meeting you. The Commander-in-Chief has asked me to convey to you his thanks and the thanks of the Administration for the duties which you have so kindly undertaken to carry out."

## PRIME POLICY

"These duties are in my point of view of the very first importance, touching on the lives of your fellow-citizens in this Colony at nearly every point."

"The method that has been designed for dealing with this question of rents and housing is in the nature of an experiment. It depends on you gentlemen whether the experiment works. For my own part I am sure it will be a great success."

"The question of housing for the Administration point of view is a matter of prime policy, touching on the cost of living in this Colony. I am sure that the Administration can leave with you gentlemen this determination of one important part of this question of cost of living in the Colony."

After Brig. MacDougall had left, members proceeded with the meeting from which the press was excluded.

It is learned that the first sitting of the Tribunal will probably be on Monday next. A total of 164 application forms have been sold since the Tenancy Tribunal opened its offices.

## 35 MEMBERS

The following are the 35 members of the Tribunal: Messrs. E.

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# MR. CHURCHILL'S ATTACK

## Mr. Bevan "Shadowboxing His Own Bugbears"

### Madness Of Demobbing Delay

LONDON, DEC. 7. CHARGES THAT THE LABOUR GOVERNMENT ARE "IMBUE WITH THE SPIRIT OF FASCISM AND THE DESIRE TO HUMILIATE" THEIR DEFEATED OPPONENTS" WERE LEVELLED BY MR. WINSTON CHURCHILL TO-DAY, OPENING THE SECOND AND FINAL DAY OF THE DEBATE ON THE OPPOSITION CENSURE MOTION.

AT HOME, DECLARED MR. CHURCHILL, THE ATTEMPT TO TURN BRITAIN INTO A SOCIALIST STATE "WILL, AS IT DEVELOPS, PRODUCE WIDESPREAD POLITICAL STRIFE AND MISERY" ABROAD, RELATIONS WITH AMERICA AND RUSSIA HAD DETEIORATED, EUROPE WAS A NIGHTMARE AND THERE WERE GRAVE DECISIONS TO BE MADE IN INDIA.

"I only remain in politics because I think it is my duty to prevent the great position which we won in the war being cast away by folly, and worse than folly, on the morrow of victory."

The Prime Minister, Mr. Attlee, who followed Mr. Churchill, took up the latter's reference to foreign relations and declared: "That kind of thing does not do us any good abroad. I would suggest to him that he should not cry stinking fish all the time."

Mr. Churchill said that the position had done their best to make easy the national unity course of foreign policy, and the Prime Minister found it convenient to refer profoundly to this in his speech to the United States Congress. However, when the Government insisted in keeping on for five years, by legislation, the extraordinary controls, which even during the war the Coalition Government only renewed from year to year, and when they rejected the Opposition's proposal for a two-year term, they were imbued by the spirit of Fascism.

He said that the Government had shown a desire to humiliate their defeated opponents. The whole attitude of Mr. Herbert Morrison, Lord President of the Council, had been to offend, injure and provoke those whom they had a great Parliamentary majority but, who nevertheless, represented half the nation, and who would shortly represent the large majority out of doors, Mr. Churchill added amid laughter.

The Opposition leader continued: "I wonder what would have been said if the Conservative, or even the National Coalition Government, had been in office and had no better showing to offer them than we see now."

"Why should the Government choose this moment in our history for proclaiming great new departures in political theories. Why should they raise this great system of militant socialism and divide us with what must involve increasing bitterness and lack of Ministerial comprehension with every step they take."

INTERNAL STRUGGLE

"Can we afford an internal struggle of such character at such a time?" He thought that there should be a reasonable restoration of national life before the country was weakened and torn by a bitter political struggle into which some members of the Government seek to plunge us."

Mr. Churchill said that it was upon the Government's responsibility must lie for the growing divisions and consequent weakening of the nation.

"They are innovators; they are disturbers. I should have thought that the first endeavour for responsible Ministers would be to secure the greatest measure of co-operation between all parties and all forms of national activity."

"It would take all our united strength to make our way out of the dangers and embarrassments by which we are surrounded and give the masses of the people, who have done so well and endured so much, the chance of renewing their lives after the harsh sufferings of the war."

A CONVULSION

"I charge the Government with deliberately encouraging partisan and faction interests at the cost not only of national unity, but of our recovery and our vital interests."

"I believe profoundly that the attempt to turn Great Britain into a Socialist State will, as it develops, produce widespread political strife, misery and ruin at home."

"This island would not be able to support about three-quarters of the population which now inhabit it. This country is the least fit of all large communities to endure such convulsion."

Mr. Churchill likened Britain to Venice, which had built an empire on piles over lagoons, or like Holland, which strives to keep out the sea, or like Egypt, whose life was the Nile and irrigation.

"Here we are," he said, "48,000,000 people, and more than half of them must be fed from afar. Surely, a measure of common decency should regulate the action of the British Government; surely, a measure of common decency should restrain their triumph over their fellow-countrymen. I shall now speak of the effect of the intellectual antagonism which the Government has excited."

"Let me make it clear that it is the duty of every man in this country, whether employer or employee, to do his best for the welfare and survival of the nation, irrespective of his political views, or his dislike or fear of the Administration."

"If the bitterness which the Socialist politicians are injecting into Parliament and party life were to find its counter-part in the daily relations of employer and labour throughout the land, our misfortunes would be compounded with hideous momentum."

"Capitalist employers in every form of private enterprise must do their best possible for their businesses and country under the conditions which prevail. They must now allow themselves to be deflected by the hostility shown to them and to their class and functions by the Socialist Ministers. They must seek first the utmost possible production of which we are capable, and which is permitted to them."

FACE REALITIES

"But the Government, also, for their part have to face realities. If industry and enterprise are weighted down by the colossal wartime taxation, they will not be able to revive."

"If industry and enterprise are fettered, hampered and hobbled at every step by an ever-spreading network of controls and regulations, there will be a marked loss of energy at a time when we can least spare it."

"We have had all types of Government in this country, but we have never had a Government which had set itself out to stigmatise the profit motive as a crime. There has never been a Government which set out to give our prosperity on such confidence-killing impulse-stabbing theory."

ABSOLUTE MADNESS

"Undoubtedly, if the warfare which the Government are carrying out against their opponents in Parliament is extended to the classes they dislike in industry, they will at this critical juncture in our history enforce an enormous diminution of the whole productive, inventive and resolute element inherent in our country."

On the question of demobilisation Mr. Churchill said: "Is it not absolute madness to keep a very large number of people, against their wishes, on full pay and at great expense doing nothing, or toiling at artificially invented work?"

He asked specifically that releases from the forces should not be allowed to drop from 12,000 a day to 9,000 a day at the end of the year as planned.

ASTOUNDING FACT

Referring to the slowness in the re-conversion of industry, Mr. Churchill said that it was an astounding fact that at the end of this year Britain would be employing 670,000 more workers making obsolete weapons to add to the already enormous dumps than in the summer of 1939.

On housing, Mr. Churchill attacked the plans of his most consistent critic during the days of the Coalition Government—Mr. Neville Bevan, Minister of Health.

"Unless Mr. Bevan changes his policy and methods without the slightest delay, he will be as great a curse to this country in time of peace as he was a squalid nuisance in time of war."

Mr. Bevan had allowed four months of excellent building weather to slip away and instead of helping the building industry to start again, he had been shadow-boxing his own pet bugbears."

HOUSING PROBLEM

Without the use of the "profit-seeking capitalist" in the building industry, the housing problem would not be solved, said Mr. Churchill, referring to Mr. Bevan's order that the bulk of the building should be done not by private enterprise, but under the auspices of the local authorities.

"All his opponents are racketeers, producers and monopolists. No doubt in a short time we shall be called also Fascist bonas."

Reminding the Government of the promises he said that their speakers had made about housing during the election, Mr. Churchill quoted a newspaper report as saying that Sir Stafford Cripps told citizens that the Labour Party would build houses at a rate undreamt of by the Conservatives.

Sir Stafford smiled but shook his head. "It is quite true," he said.

### Flying Colours

LONDON, DEC. 7. The Labour Government came out of its first big test in the House of Commons with flying colours when they defeated the Opposition's vote of censure upon the Government.

The motion was defeated by 381 votes to 197.—Reuter.

### Communist List Of War Criminals

TOKYO, DEC. 7. IT WAS DISCLOSED YESTERDAY THAT JAPANESE COMMUNISTS IN TOKYO HAD PREPARED A LIST OF 1,000 ACCUSED JAPANESE WAR CRIMINALS, INCLUDING THE EMPEROR AND THE EMPRESS.

Premier Shidehara told the Diet his Government was in no position to criticise Allied direction.

Kyodo news agency said that Shidehara's Cabinet received a strong blow when it failed to obtain an Allied reprieve for Prince Morishima, who was named as a war crimes suspect several days ago.

Rumours are circulating that the Cabinet will be forced to resign at the end of the Diet session. Associated Press.

### THROUGH A GLASS DARKLY

NEW YORK, DEC. 6. TOTALITARIAN AND IMPERIALISTIC INTERESTS ARE STILL STRUGGLING TO PRESERVE THEIR POWER, SENATOR O'MAHONEY, DEMOCRAT OF WYOMING, TOLD A GROUP OF BUSINESSMEN TO-DAY.

"Great Britain is fighting a little war of aggression in the Dutch East Indies to crush the Indonesian counter-parts of Washington rebels," he declared at a meeting of the Insurance Federation of New York.

"Britain is doing it not to regain their own colonial position of power but to help the Dutch establish their way over the people of Java. They are not content to lend-lease their own army and navy to sustain the Dutch Empire but they have gone so far as to organize Japanese mercenaries to carry on the war to maintain a system of imperial exploitation in Asia."

O'Mahoney said that Russia "is pursuing a similar policy" in the Middle East and Eastern Europe and struggle for power "rages in South America also."—Associated Press.

Ottawa, Dec. 7. An Indian States' delegation arrived here to-day from New York. Purpose is to ask Canadians to assist India's industrial development, and also to supply the necessary machinery.—Reuter.

something, but not that," he declared.

BIG THREE

"The Opposition Leader said that up to the present Sir Stafford Cripps had not only been disappointing to his friends, but 'disastrous to us all.'"

In a brief reference to foreign affairs, Mr. Churchill said: "We are told that the 'Big Three' have decided never to meet again, which I heard with great grief. As to the five Foreign Secretaries who were to prepare many things, all that seems to have fallen through."

"The condition of Europe is a nightmare. Fateful and difficult decisions await us in India."

"I am not blaming the present Government. A greater part of their inheritance was a consequence of the war and our faithful, unstinted and prolonged exertion for the common cause."

FINANCIAL AID

Referring to the financial talks in Washington, Mr. Churchill said that if the Government had to borrow from the United States and if strict terms were imposed by the United States, there was all the more obligation upon the Ministers to deal with Britain's affairs on their merits and clear all this party and doctrinal trash and rubbish away."

In conclusion Mr. Churchill said: "Can we as a great party in the state afford, for the sake of appearance of unity, to take part in a disastrous downward trend in all our affairs at home and abroad?"

"Are we not bound in honour to give our warning in time about the future and record our course on the present?"

He was as firmly convinced as he was in 1940 that Britain had her future in her hands, and that she was still master of her fate and captain of her soul.—Reuter.

### Bretton Woods Now Comes To Fore

WASHINGTON, DEC. 6. AFTER A LONG DELAY, MACHINERY MOVED THIS WEEK FOR THE CREATION OF TWO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AGREED UPON AT THE BRETTON WOODS CONFERENCE—THE INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND AND THE WORLD BANK. BRITAIN IS THE KEY TO THE SITUATION. THE DATE INTENDED FOR THE NATIONS TO SIGN THE BRETTON WOODS AGREEMENT IS DECEMBER 31.

If Britain signs, several other countries will probably follow and the Fund and the Bank are considered almost certain to come into existence as planned.

If Britain does not sign, the prospect is uncertain.

Britain delayed action pending outcome of the loan from the United States. British and American officials entered the third week of their conversations optimistic that they were closer together on the terms for the loan of \$3,500,000,000 to \$4,000,000,000.

Most of the last minute talk was centred around the question of what Britain should do about the \$16,000,000,000 she owes members of the British Empire and other nations in the sterling bloc area.

Meanwhile, the Export and Import Bank has loaned France \$550,000,000 enabling that country to use the fund to purchase goods requisitioned when the lend-lease is in effect. France agreed to repay the loan within 30 years at 2.38 per cent. interest.—Associated Press.

### COAST VIGIL ENDED

The man who logged the first two flying bombs the Germans launched across the Channel on June 13, 1944, has ended his coast vigil.

He is Mr. Frederick C. Marsh, aged 70, and he was one of Britain's auxiliary coastguards—the latest wartime service to be disbanded. These coast-watchers were generally men above sixty years of age and were mostly ex-Naval men.

In the "Hellfire Corner" area of the Straits of Dover, Mr. Marsh was one of the men who gave his services in continual danger from the days of Dunkirk until the end of the war. He had many narrow escapes and his devotion to duty won him the British Empire Medal.

The first two "doodle-bugs" he logged were two aircraft with lighted cockpits coming in from the French coast on a north-westerly course. He also kept a record of the thousands of shells fired across the Straits by the Nazi batteries.

Mr. Marsh's post was at the end of Folkestone Harbour, jutting well out into the sea.

The coastguard service now goes back to its peacetime basis.

### Sees The King

LONDON, DEC. 7. Mr. Frederick John Burrows, Governor-Designate of Bengal, was received in audience by the King at Buckingham Palace to-day and kissed hands on his appointment.

The King knighted him and invested him with the insignia of a Knight Grand Commander of the Indian Empire.

Sir Frederick and Lady Burrows afterwards lunched with the King and Queen.—Reuter.

### PHILIPPINE ELECTION DEBATE

Manila, Dec. 7. The Philippine Congress has been convened for a three-day special session to arrange for the Spring elections.

Members predicted to-day a hot debate over the question whether Philippine Army men will be allowed to vote.

Guerrilla reservists are certain to win their rights, observers agreed, but whether the Army regulars would be less certain.—Associated Press.

### NEWSPAPER OFFICE WRECKED

Ankara, Dec. 7. The Turkish Government would soon abolish the press law, which empowers the authorities to suspend newspapers, and would modify legislation regarding political parties and meetings, the Premier, Cukura Sarajoglu, announced to-day.

He added he had ordered an enquiry into Tuesday's anti-Communist demonstration in Istanbul, when the offices of the Left Wing paper "Tan" were wrecked.—Reuter.

### U.S.-Italian Trade Pact

Washington, Dec. 7. The United States and Italy to-day signed a commercial agreement "designed to promote mutually advantageous relations."

The agreement was concluded in an exchange of notes between Italian Ambassador Tarchiani and Secretary of State James Byrnes in which the two countries indicated their willingness to formulate a programme of agreed action "open to participation by all other nations of like mind."

The American note given to the Italian Ambassador stipulated the elimination of all forms of discrimination in international commerce, reduction of tariffs and expansion by amicable international and domestic measures of production, employment and exchange and consumption of goods.—Associated Press.

### Japanese Suspected

Tokyo, Dec. 7. The Japanese suspected that the United States had deciphered Japan's military code after Admiral Isoroku Yamamoto's plane was shot down between Rabaul and Bougainville on April 18, 1942, it was disclosed to-day by Captain Toshikazu Ohmae, former Senior Staff Officer of the Japanese Southern Area Fleet.

He also disclosed that Vice-Admiral Matome Ugaki, Chief of Staff and other flag officers survived the strafing run in which United States Captain Thomas Lanphier killed Yamamoto.

He said that Ugaki was wounded but recovered.—Associated Press.

### SAILOR KILLED

A sailor was killed by a souvenir, while emptying the contents of a cartridge by tapping it on a fire grate in his mess at the Royal Naval Barracks, Chatham.

He was A. B. George Linton, aged twenty-one, of the trawler "Pembroke."

He fell with a severe wound in the neck, and died almost immediately. It is believed that the cartridge was a German souvenir.

Linton's home address was at Kirkcaldy, Fife.

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### PERSONAL

WILL the Commando Sergeant who was given a file of the "China Mail" of 1946 for his use be good enough to communicate with the Manager, "China Mail."

WOULD ANYONE from Oahu P.O.W. Camp, please phone 21300.

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## Doolittle's New Job

San Francisco, Dec. 7. Doolittle, leader of the first air attack on Tokyo, will leave the army air corps to become Vice-President of the Shell Oil Corporation on January 1, 1948, the company announced today.—Associated Press.

## VALUABLE RELIEF WORK IN CANTON

Canton, Dec. 5. Since its inauguration in September, the Canton Emergency Relief Committee has given relief of various kinds to 338,468 persons up to Nov. 28. The money spent during the first two months amounted to \$26,317,891 N.C., while the estimate for the third month is \$23,627,840.

Following is a brief resume of the work performed by this organization:

At the start, the committee devoted its energy to matters that required urgent and prompt attention, like the burying of the dead, free congee, housing of beggars and vagabonds, receiving people returning to the city and sending people back to their native villages.

Later, it proceeded to give relief in matters connected with livelihood, such as the establishment of low price dining halls, cheap cooked rice selling stations and dormitories for the common people, the distribution of free cotton padded jackets and cotton quilts making credit loans to small merchants, recommending jobs and training people in the industrial arts.

In the third month (Nov. 30 to Dec. 20), the committee are giving special attention to the following: giving work instead of relief to 22,800 persons, establishing five more low price dining halls, selling more cooked rice to people at half the cost, distributing cotton quilts and jackets, increasing the supply of medicine, and the number of hostels including one for women alone.

At present, 2,000 people are receiving free congee from 8 stations each day, 2,000 are entitled to buy half priced cooked rice and 10,000 cheap meals are sold at the dining hall.

The various hostels are accommodating 1,000 persons. The amount spent in distributing 3,400 cotton jackets and 1,000 cotton quilts is \$4,000,000 N.C. The seven free medical centres are giving treatment to about 520 patients each day. Some 2,000 persons can borrow \$5,000 to \$10,000 without interest for starting business (the money for making this credit loan is obtained from the C.N.R.A.). The "work in place of relief system" is giving employment to 23,800 persons at the pay of \$150, \$200 or \$250 per day.

Besides the above items, the committee also performs various kinds of social services, such as free legal advice, recommendation of jobs, and the sending of people back to their native villages.—Our Own Correspondent.

## GREECE SEEKING LARGE LOAN

Athens, Dec. 7. Authoritative sources said today that Greece is seeking a loan of U.S.\$46,800,000 from Great Britain and the release of part of her reserve funds now held by British banks with the intention of using the entire amount to help stabilize the drachma.—Associated Press.

## SOUTH CHINA TRANSPORTATION CO.

RE-OPEN FOR SERVICE. Undertake Transportation of General Cargo of any Capacity. Household Furniture Removal and Luggage Transfer Service. Under Expert Supervision. Also Supply Store and Labour of any description. 2nd Floor, Bank of Canton Bldg Tel. 26781

## YOUR DOLLAR HAS MORE CENTS at MECCA SILK STORE

6, D'Aguiar Street. ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE. All kinds of materials and ready-made goods at Bargain Prices.

## WING LUNG BANK

112, Queen's Road Central. Telephone: 20524 and 20833.

### BANKERS and GOLD DEALERS

We have come back from Luichow, China and resumed business at our old premises. As before we do general banking business and exchange of foreign monies. From now on we also deal with selected gold ornaments and pure gold bars.

OUR MOTTO IS QUICK IN SERVICE AND PURE IN QUALITY.

# Ensa Commandos Tell Some Stories Of Burma

THE ENSA COMMANDOS, TED MCCURT AND JOCK MCGLYNN, WHO HAVE VISITED BY NOW NEARLY EVERY OUTPOST IN THE NEW TERRITORIES AND OUTLYING ISLANDS OF THE COLONY, ARE TO DEPART FOR SHANGHAI ON SUNDAY. THEY ARE THE ONLY TWO ENSA MEN OFFICIALLY ENTITLED TO CALL THEMSELVES COMMANDOS AND THEIR STATUS IS AN AWARD FROM THE 14TH ARMY, AROUND WHOSE FRONT-LINE CAMPS THEY WERE EVER-PRESENT THROUGHOUT PART OF THE BURMA CAMPAIGN WITH UKELELE, ACCORDION AND GUITAR.

Their audiences have included Allied troops of every colour and designation, British, American, West African, Gurkha, Chinese, Chindit, the jungle monkey-folk, and Japanese patrols and snipers taking time-out to hear some hill-billy music. All their audiences, money spent to Nov. 28, of the money spent during the first two months amounted to \$26,317,891 N.C., while the estimate for the third month is \$23,627,840.

Following is a brief resume of the work performed by this organization: At the start, the committee devoted its energy to matters that required urgent and prompt attention, like the burying of the dead, free congee, housing of beggars and vagabonds, receiving people returning to the city and sending people back to their native villages.

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## HIS DUTY

Melbourne, Dec. 7. Testifying today before the Committee inquiring into his escape, Lieutenant-General Henry Gordon Bennett, Commander of the Australian troops in Malaya at the start of the Pacific war, asserted today he felt it was his duty to get away as soon as the unconditional surrender at Singapore occurred.

Bennett denied at the official enquiry that he ever issued an order forbidding his men to escape.—Associated Press.

company who worked in Burma, Jock and Ted say, and they pay tribute to Alice Hall's and Pat Gave's companies, both of which are in Hong Kong now playing to the services. ENSA suffered several casualties in Burma from illness, which has left its mark on more than one trapper.

The worst thing about the Burma campaign, the ENSA Commandos say, was short rations. The Burmese were fairly well stocked but were chary of currency of any quality or denomination, preferring barter. Clothes were what the Burmese were always after.

On their way home, the ENSA Commandos say, they are keen on shopping in Italy. All their musical equipment needs replacement, moonshoes and white ants in Burma having played havoc with accordeons, guitars and everything.

In Private life, Jock McGlynn is a Glasgow man, with a family of two sons and a daughter, all very much of age. His principal pastime is greyhound racing and he claims to have made some £400 on Mick the Miller.

Both Jock and Ted like the Americans and claim that they will never forget the Thanksgiving Day party on the U.S.S. "Providence" when they wish the event were celebrated more often, but say that it would, however, be a strain on the digestion to do these things the way the Yanks do them.

# Midway Battle Wrecked Jap Plans

TOKYO, DEC. 6. THE AMERICAN PILOTS WHO TURNED BACK THE JAPANESE FLEET AT MIDWAY IN JUNE 1942 WRECKED TOKYO'S PLANS TO WIN A COMPROMISE PEACE BY HOLDING A PACIFIC STRANGLEHOLD ON OUTLYING BASES.

THIS WAS DISCLOSED BY CAPTAIN TOSHIKAZU OHMAE, FORMER CHIEF OF THE NAVAL INTELLIGENCE SECTION IN THE NAVY MINISTRY IN REVEALING DETAILS OF WHAT JAPAN CONSIDERS TO BE ONE OF THE TWO DECISIVE NAVAL BATTLES OF THE WAR.

He said that Japan sent 11 battleships and 76 other vessels to occupy Midway 3,500 marines and an army of infantrymen but that American dive-bombers and fighters smashed the thrust in its first day.

American military leaders share with the Japanese navy command the estimate of the Battle of Midway as being a decisive one in the Pacific war. The Battle of the Coral Sea, in which the Japanese hopes of reaching Australia were smashed, was the other vital sea battle of the early, gloom-filled war months.

The two battles had one thing in common: there was no combat between surface warships of either side. They never got within sight of each other. They were battles of air arms against fleet units in each case, with both sides suffering heavy losses but both ending in spectacular Allied victories.

LONG RANGE CLASH. The Battle of Midway was a long-range engagement in which American carrier-bombers, dive bombers and torpedo bombers kept striking for parts of two days or more. When it was over, the powerful Japanese force was smashed or fleeing.

But the battle took a heavy toll of American planes and courageous pilots who bore into a devastating attack in the face of withering anti-aircraft fire and carrier-based fighter planes.

From one American Navy torpedo squadron, which did yeoman service that day, the number of men who returned could be counted on the fingers of one hand. Its service that day was enshrined in the Pacific war's annals as one of the most heroic performances at sea.

Survivors of plane crashes, later picked up at sea, told of flaming, exploding Japanese ships as far as they could see.

## KILLED IN CRASH

Chungking, Dec. 7. Dr. Winston Pattus, of the staff of the Hanyang medical school in Changsha, was killed in a crash while on a flight in his private plane near Changsha on Nov. 15. News was only received in Chungking today.—Associated Press.

## BIG GRANT FOR WAR DAMAGE

Washington, Dec. 6. The Senate approved and sent to the House yesterday legislation to provide an estimated \$400,000,000 in war damage claims in the Philippines. It also approved a bill providing for national elections in the Philippines by April 30, 1948, and convening the Philippine congress by May 28.

Personal property losses—automobiles, furs, jewelry, for example—are not subject to claims against the war damage funds. Senator Tydings, author of the bill, said: "Only items for which reimbursement will be available will be those useful in the economic rehabilitation of the Philippines."

The House action covered two bills proposed by Senator Tydings. The election proposal calls for the election of the President and Vice-President and the convening of the Philippine Congress by next March 28.

The rehabilitation bill provides for the establishment of a War Damage Commission.—Associated Press.

## Smithfield Won't Strike

LONDON, DEC. 7. THERE WILL BE NO PRE-CHRISTMAS STRIKE AT SMITHFIELD MARKET, LONDON'S CENTRAL MEAT AND POULTRY DISTRIBUTING BASE.

Leaders of the marketmen announced last night, after conferences with representatives of their union, that they are postponing their strike recommendation for a fortnight—from Dec. 17 to Dec. 31.

This decision, they explained, had been taken "in view of the inconvenience that would be caused to the public on this first peace Christmas."

Cause of the grievance remains unsettled. Marketmen insist that unless they receive an assurance that all 277 ex-Smithfield men now in the forces get their old job back they will stop work on New Year's Eve.—Reuter.

## INDIAN P.O.W.S REACH SYDNEY

Sydney, Dec. 7. Ninety-six Indians, including 23 women, formerly P.O.W.s in Manila, arrived in Sydney yesterday from a Red Cross home and boarded the hospital ship "Korona" which is sailing to-day.

The Indians have been recuperating since September when they arrived here in rags, half starved and many with bayonet wounds and scars from fire. Now wearing clothes provided by the Red Cross, they look healthy and robust.—Reuter.

# Nanking Gradually Pulling Round

SHANGHAI, DEC. 6. NANKING, CHINA'S CAPITAL BEFORE 1937, WAS STRIPPED BY THE JAPANESE DURING THEIR EIGHT YEARS OF OCCUPATION, BUT IS GRADUALLY RETURNING TO NORMAL AS TRADE WITH THE INTERIOR IS RESUMED AND CHINESE RESIDENTS, WHO FLED ON THE APPROACH OF GENERAL MATSU'S ARMIES, POUR BACK INTO THE CITY, ACCORDING TO A CHINESE BUSINESSMAN JUST RETURNED HERE.

THE CHINESE AUTHORITIES, HOWEVER, HAVE A HARD TASK AHEAD IN RESTORING PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES FOR THE RETURN OF THE CHINESE GOVERNMENT TO ITS FORMER SEAT.

Japanese military and civilians, believed to number about 300,000, have been interned outside the city walls; some are being used to assist in the rehabilitation of the city.

United States Army and Air Force personnel are plentiful in the city, but British and American businessmen have not yet attempted to re-establish their offices, contenting themselves with paying short visits from Shanghai to examine and claim their properties.

The British Consulate, which reopened about a week ago, was used by the Japanese all through their occupation, and considerable repairs have had to be made to its buildings.

Goods are pouring into Nanking from the interior, and business is picking up, but commodity prices are still exorbitant, comparing unfavourably even with those prevailing in Shanghai.

American bombings of Nanking did very little damage, the principal targets lying outside the city walls, but Government buildings, which were rendered useless by the Chinese when they evacuated in 1937, are still in bad shape, as are the city's roads, unrepaired for 4 years.

The Sun Yat-sen Mausoleum, and the famous Ming Tombs, suffered slightly during the Japanese occupation, but the main structures remain undamaged. They were stripped of all precious and semi-precious metals.—Reuter.

## THE HONGKONG PRINTING PRESS, LIMITED

An extraordinary general meeting of the above Company will be held at the Company's registered office, Room No. 211, Prince's Building, 2nd floor, Lee House Street, Hong Kong at 12 O'Clock a.m. on Friday the 28th day of December 1946 for the purpose of considering and possibly passing a special resolution for the sale of the assets of the Company and for its winding up.

A formal notice has been posted to all shareholders at their registered addresses. Any shareholder who wishes for further particulars should call at the Company's registered office.

Dated the 3rd day of December 1946.

By order of the Board of Directors B. M. D'ALCANTARA KAYIER Secretary.

## BRITISH-AMERICAN TOBACCO CO. (CHINA) LTD.

250, Gloucester Road.

Telephone Nos.

27701 Exchange to all departments. 27702 27703 34078 Accountant.

## BRITISH CIGARETTE COMPANY, LTD.

250, Gloucester Road.

27701 Exchange to all departments. 27702 27703 33503 Manager.

## BRITISH MILITARY ADMINISTRATION, HONG KONG.

### MEDICAL BRANCH

### NOTICE

Tenders are invited for the collection and removal of animal blood and hair from

1. Kennedy Town Slaughter House
2. Ma Tau Kok Slaughter House
3. Sai Wan Ho Slaughter House including slaughtering swine for food.
4. Aberdeen Slaughter House

Sealed tenders for each slaughter house should be submitted in triplicate to the Chairman, Tender Board, Public Works Branch, Civil Affairs Headquarters, by 12 noon of 22nd day of December, 1946.

Tender forms and particulars may be obtained from the Secretary, Medical Branch, Hong Kong & Shanghai Bank Building, 1st floor.

J. P. FEHILLY, Col. D. D. M. S. (C.A.)

Hong Kong, 4th December, 1946.

## BRITISH MILITARY ADMINISTRATION, HONG KONG C.A.A. MEDICAL BRANCH

### NOTICE

The following extract from the Dental Registration Ordinance is published for information.

"Every registered dentist practising in the Colony who desires his name to be retained on the register shall before the end of every year, make application in the prescribed form and shall pay the prescribed fee, for the retention of his name on the register."

Forms may be obtained on application to the Chief Clerk, C.A.A. Medical Branch, Hong Kong Bank Building, 1st floor. They should apply personally with two copies of photographs of passport size.

The prescribed fee (\$50) should be paid into the Treasury, ground floor, Prince's Building and the forms should be re-submitted to the Medical Branch for completion.

### WARNING

The Public is hereby warned that on and after 1st January, 1946, proceedings will be taken against any person found practising dentistry in contravention of the Dental Registration Ordinance (No. 1 of 1940).

J. P. FEHILLY, Col. D. D. M. S. (C.A.)

Hong Kong, 1st December, 1946.



# BRITISH MILITARY ADMINISTRATION, HONG KONG WORKS BRANCH—CIVIL AFFAIRS NOTICE WATER SUPPLY

The public is hereby warned that the supply of water to that part of the City of Victoria, lying South of Queen's Road and Bonnessy Road from Bowrington Canal to Bonnessy Town will be shut off from:

7 p.m. on 11th December, to 7 a.m. on 12th December,  
7 p.m. on 12th December, to 7 a.m. on 13th December,  
7 p.m. on 13th December, to 7 a.m. on 14th December,  
7 p.m. on 14th December, to 7 a.m. on 15th December.

to enable essential repairs to one of the main supply lines on the Island to be carried out. If it is found necessary to extend the period of restriction supply further notice will be given.

J. FORBES,  
LT. COL.

WATER AUTHORITY

## NOTICE

The Australian department of commerce has welcomed the recent announcement that Hong Kong was again open to trade and have suggested that Hong Kong importers desiring information to Australian exporters or advice regarding export facilities should address enquiries to the Central Export Division c/o Commerce Department, 30 Flinders Lane, Melbourne, telegraphic address: Central Exports Division, c/o SEC COM, Melbourne.

Certain preliminary enquiries by the Administration show that the following commodities are obtainable in Australia in varying quantities: Cooking utensils, kitchen ware, hardware, canned jam and fruit, gin light up leather, woolen cloth and knitted goods. These enquiries were made however with a special end in view and are in no way an exhaustive list of goods at present available in Australia.

W. M. THOMSON,

Col.  
Deputy Chief Civil Affairs  
Officer (Civil)

BRITISH MILITARY ADMINISTRATION, HONG KONG

## MEDICAL BRANCH

### NOTICE

MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS

The attention of all persons who intend to engage in the private practice of Medicine and Surgery in the Colony after 1st January 1946 (other than Chinese persons referred to in Section 3 of the Medical Registration Ordinance 1935) is directed to:

1. In the case of medical practitioners who were not registered by the Medical Board prior to 8th December 1941 the necessity for registration by that Board before commencing to practise in the year 1946 pursuant to the Medical Registration Ordinance 1935. Enquiries concerning applications may be made from Mr. D. Brican Evans, Johnson Stokes & Master, 4th Floor, Hong Kong Bank Building.

2. In the case of medical practitioners who were registered by the Medical Board on 8th December 1941 the necessity for obtaining from the Stamp Office a certificate to practise for the year 1946 (Stamp Duty \$50 before commencing to practise in that year pursuant to Section 21 of the Stamp Ordinance 1921).

### WARNING

On and after 1st January 1946 the provisions of the Medical Registration Ordinance 1935 will be rigidly enforced and proceedings will be taken against all persons found to be practising medicine or surgery contrary to the provisions of that Ordinance.

J. P. FEMILY, Col.  
D. D. M. S. (C.A.)

Hong Kong,  
7th December, 1945.

## NOTICE

TAKE NOTICE that we have commenced our practice under the firm name of Ford, Kwai & Co. at 7th floor, Loko Yow Building, 50-62 Queen's Road Central.

G. B. FORD  
H. L. KWAN  
Solicitors.

## HONGKONG UNIVERSITY ALUMNI ASSOCIATION

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Extraordinary General Meeting of all Members will be held on Friday, 14th Dec. 1945 at 6.15 p.m. in the Hall of St. Paul College, Glenageary.

1. To receive the Report of the 1941 Committee.  
2. To consider the Election of Officers.

By Order of the Committee.  
JOHN PAU,  
Acty. Hon. Secretary.

6th December, 1945.

## ST. JOHN'S UNIVERSITY ALUMNI ASSOCIATION

Will the Graduate or Undergraduate of St. John's University, Shanghai who is at present in Hongkong, send in his name and address to the following:-

United Shipping Co.  
29, Connaught Road C.  
Telephone No. 28940.

BRITISH MILITARY ADMINISTRATION, HONG KONG

Secretariat for Chinese Affairs

## NOTICE

The Commander-in-Chief has been pleased to appoint Mr. CHAU SUN NIN, C.B.E., to act as representative in Kowloon of the Secretary for Chinese Affairs, Civil Affairs Administration.

Mr. CHAU'S office is in the Peninsula Hotel, Room No. 197; his office hours will be 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

B. C. K. HAWKINS,  
Secretary for Chinese Affairs.

## NOTICE

Subject:—Claims for goods and services supplied to the Army in 1941 and 1942 before the return of the British.

A notice was published in the press on the 24th September, 1945 instructing all persons who have monetary claims on the V. D. to submit these to No. 10 Staff Paymaster, Victoria Barracks by the 30th November, 1945. All these claims should now have been submitted and those individuals with claims yet to be submitted should forward these at the earliest possible date.

The public is reminded that it is particularly important to make claims in Hong Kong dollars, to claim a specific amount, and to forward copies of all documents that support the claim. It is useless to make a claim without substantiating a specific sum. This sum will have to be estimated in some cases, when the method of calculation should be clearly shown.

2. The work of checking and registering these claims started on the 1st December. All claimants will be in due course receiving letters requesting further information or evidence or notification that the claim has been checked.

3. The question of payment is temporarily in abeyance and awaits a Government decision. As soon as this matter is decided the public will be informed through the medium of the press.

J. H. GIBSON, Lt. Col.  
A.A. & Q.M.G.,  
H.Q. Land Forces,  
Hong Kong.

# Disorders Break Out In Northern Persia

TEHRAN, DEC. 7. RUSSIAN TROOPS HAVE MOVED BEHIND THE PER-SIAN TROOPS, SCREENING THE NORTHERN PROVINCES AND PLACING THEMSELVES BETWEEN THOSE TROOPS AND TEHRAN, IT WAS LEARNED HERE TO-DAY.

NEW DISTURBANCES HAVE BROKEN OUT IN TABRIZ AND OTHER PARTS OF NORTH PERSIA, AND TWO MEN, DESCRIBED AS ADHERENTS OF THE DEMOCRATS, ARE SAID TO HAVE SHOT THE POLICE CHIEF OF TABRIZ.

Governor Nurteza Bayrat at once took strong measures to prevent the Democrats from occupying the central military garage, military vehicles are stationed, the reports said.

Between Tabriz and the Soviet frontier, Democrats in the Marand area are alleged to have killed two directors of the administrative services, the police chief, the local tribunal president judge and two land-owners. A chief of gendarmerie was seriously wounded.

An attack on the billets of troops in Sarab, 70 miles east of Tabriz, is reported. The attackers are said to have killed 21 men and two officers. Elections for the Azerbaijan national assembly finished in Tabriz to-day. The Democrat press announced the election of 700 Democrat candidates.

Official radio reports from Tabriz said that 30 persons were killed in new outbreaks in the Azerbaijan occupied province of the Azerbaizjan.

Twenty-one gendarmes and two officers are reported to have been slain in Sarab when rebel Democrat Party members attacked troop billets.

A number of other persons, including the local police chief and the president of the local tribunal, are reported to have been killed by insurgents in the vicinity of Marand.

The Iranian Premier, Ibrahim Hakimi, to-day denied he had any intention of resigning and asserted his intention to continue the attempts to settle the problem of Azerbaijan Province where the government charges that separatists are agitating for independence.

Reports were widespread during the past week that the Premier would resign because of the situation in the north-west province and that he would be succeeded by a government which would favour the views of the Soviet Union.—Associated Press and Reuter.

(By JOHN KIMCHE) Teheran, Dec. 7. The stoppage of food supplies from the North, on which Teheran depends, has been lifted slightly but not enough to stop the rapid rise of food prices.

Government buildings at Bandar Shah, a Caspian port, are reported to have been seized by local forces.

## ARMED ROBBERY CHARGE

Five Chinese were committed for trial by Mr. C. Y. Kwan at the Summary Military Court yesterday, on charges of possession of arms and robbery. Accused were Chan Kwong, alias Chan Kai-kyung, 25, Chan Ming, alias Ngai Fui, 21, Lo Luk-so, alias Tai So, 21, Chan Kui, alias Tai Hing-kui, and Yuen Ngai, alias Neau A.

They were charged with, on November 26, off a side lane in Second Street, did carry arms, to wit a dagger, while committing an offence of joining in its commission, and with robbing Lo Leung of a metal wrist watch, \$10.00, and a felt hat and \$600 Chinese currency.

First accused was further charged with possession of a dagger.

Sub-inspector F. Nolan said he was instructed to ask that this case be dealt with by the Standing Military Court, and the application was granted.

The Jardine & S. S. S. is expected to arrive to-day. She is sailing for Shanghai on Wednesday next week.

"THORNYCROFT" Our Branch Office has opened temporary premises c/o Messrs. Blair & Co., at French Bank Building, 2nd floor, and we shall be obliged if all prospective clients will communicate enquiries to that address during the present emergency period where they will be promptly handled and communicated to our executive who is now proceeding to London to ascertain full details and specifications with prices of latest models on all lines of our products:-

Vehicles—Petrol, Diesel, Marine Engines—Petrol, Diesel, Boilers—Water Tube, Motor Boats & Water Craft of all description. Our Hong Kong & China office is a Direct Branch of: JOHN I. THORNYCROFT & Co., Ltd. Smith Square, Westminster, London.

# Attempt On Egyptian Premier

CAIRO, DEC. 7. A BOMB WAS THROWN YESTERDAY AT THE PRIME MINISTER, NAHAS PASHA, WHEN HE WAS ON HIS WAY TO ADDRESS A MEETING AT THE WAFFIST CLUB ON THE OCCASION OF THE MUSLEM NEW YEAR. HE IS REPORTED TO HAVE ESCAPED INJURY.

It was learned later that the "bomb" was a hand-grenade and was thrown at Nahas Pasha's car from an open two-seater, but the Premier's chauffeur accelerated, with the result that the explosion damaged only the back of the car.

Three civilians in a passing British lorry were slightly hurt.

## SIGNING OF LOAN AGREEMENT

Washington, Dec. 6. The British Ambassador, Lord Halifax, and the United States Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. Frederick Vinson, signed the Anglo-American Loan Agreement this morning in a lofty cream-painted room of the State Department and brought to fruition the three months' task of achieving an economic pact which will set Britain on her feet again as a trading nation and also give the United States reciprocal advantages in the field of free trade.

The Agreement was published simultaneously in London and Washington at 10.30 p.m. G.M.T. (6.30 a.m. Hongkong Time—Friday).—Reuter.

# "Daily Herald" Attacked By Communist Paper

LONDON, DEC. 7. THE COMMUNIST NEWSPAPER "DAILY WORKER" TO-DAY DEVOTES CONSIDERABLE SPACE TO CRITICISM OF HANDLING OF THE NEWS OF THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT'S ALL-PARTY MISSION TO INDIA BY THE "DAILY HERALD," OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE LABOUR PARTY.

"During the afternoon Government announced the decision to send a mission of M.P.s to India, and the 'Daily Herald' printed this and a leading article approving the move. 'The leader concluded: 'We await with confidence the well-coming of Indian opinion, and forthwith there appeared across the 'Herald's' front page the headline 'Congress welcome M.P.'s India mission.'"

"In large type appeared the report: 'Rank and file members of Congress and other parties last night expressed satisfaction at the new endeavour by the British Government to clear up misunderstanding over its plan for India's future.'"

"Quick work to get those expressions of satisfaction from India," says the communist, "but how much more convincing it all would have been if the 'Daily Herald' had printed some of them."

"Yesterday morning, however, a few views from India began to come over the cables. Among the press, the 'Times of India' appeared to stand alone in approving the Government statement—but then the 'Times of India' is British-owned."

# Skirmishing Continues In Sourabaya Sector

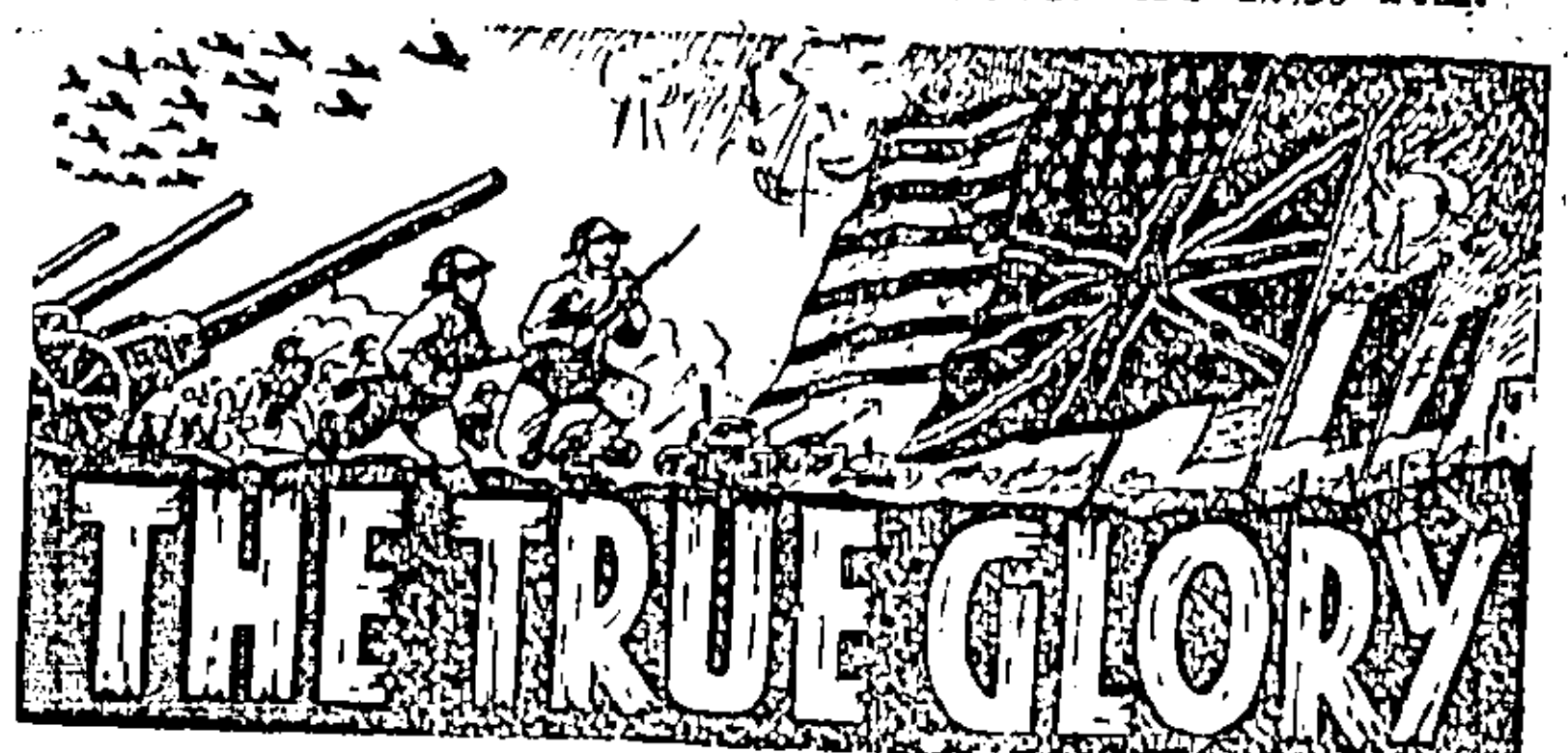
BATAVIA, DEC. 7. THIRTY-EIGHT INDONESIANS WERE KILLED IN SKIRMISHES ALONG THE SOURABAYA SECTOR, IT WAS DISCLOSED BY THE BRITISH ARMY HEADQUARTERS TO-DAY.

INDIAN TROOPS CLEARING THE KANDANGANG RAILWAY STATION, WEST OF SOURABAYA, KILLED SEVEN INDONESIANS WHILE DISPERSING A CROWD.

Another announcement by the north residential section where most of the Dutch women and children are assembled. A column of evacuating refugees from Ambarawa to Semarang encountered no opposition. The central public hospital in Batavia has reported that 390 battle-casualties were treated from Oct. 1 to Dec. 1. In eastern Java, the Indonesians announced the capture of four natives accused of spying for the Dutch.—Associated Press.

# QUEEN'S THEATRE

Col. 81453  
SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 & 9.15 P.M.  
TO-MORROW—EXTRA PERFORMANCE AT 12.30 P.M.



Presented by the Governments of Great Britain and the United States, giving a complete recapitulation of the Western Front Campaign from the planning of D-Day to the final surrender of German Forces.

## HIGHLIGHTS OF THE FILM:

Opening Speech by General Eisenhower, giving a rough idea of the whole Campaign. The Landing of Allied Troops on the Beaches of Normandy, a Fleet of 8,000 Men-of-war and over 10,000 planes participated. The Meeting of U.S. and Soviet Troops on the Banks of the Elbe in Berlin. Capture in Disgrace of Field Marshal Goering and other High Ranking German Officers, etc. etc. etc.

Photographed by hundreds of Darling Allied Cameramen (32 of whom were killed, 16 reported missing and more than 100 wounded). AN HISTORIC FILM OF ACTUAL FACTS OF THE WHOLE CAMPAIGN brought before your eyes—and should be seen by ALL CHILDREN INCLUDED.

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# ALHAMBRA THEATRE

SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.00, 7.00 & 9.00 P.M.

A RED-FIRE DRAMA OF THE WEST THAT WAS... TOLD IN THE THUNDER OF GUNFIRE, GRIT AND GLORY!  
FEED JEAN JACK  
MACMURRAY PARKER OAKIE

# THE "TEXAS RANGERS"

WITH LLOYD NOLAN, EDWARD ELLIS, BENNIE BARTLETT  
PRODUCED & DIRECTED BY KING VIDOR  
A PARAMOUNT PICTURE

# KING'S

SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 and 9.15 p.m.

CLAUDETTE COLBERT  
GARY COOPER,  
In  
"BLUEBEAR'S EIGHTH WIFE"

Produced and Directed by ERNST LUBITSCH  
A Paramount Picture

# EXHIBITION FOOTBALL MATCH

ROYAL NAVY versus ARMY  
SUNDAY  
9th December, 1945  
at Sookumpoo Ground  
Kick Off 3.30 P.M.  
Admission \$1 (including tax)

# EXHIBITION FOOTBALL MATCH

In aid of Kwong Wah Athletic Association financial campaign towards equipping the team and new Club House at 474, Nathan Road.  
ROYAL AIR FORCE  
H.M.S. "MONTOLARE"  
8th December, 1945, at 4.15 p.m.  
Club de Recreio Ground, King's Park.  
Admission: \$1.00 (Servicemen—Half Price.)

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# CATHAY

THEATRE... WANCHAI  
To-day—2.30, 7.15 & 9.15  
"OVER THE WALL"  
with DICK FORAN, JUNE TRAVIS  
Also  
THE LATEST WAR NEWS  
Bombing of Japan  
Allied Troops enter Germany  
To-morrow—Laurel & Hardy  
"OUR RELATIONS"

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10, Pottinger Street,  
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# Attlee Sarcastic At Churchill's Expense

## Felons

Tokyo, Dec. 7.  
Japanese war criminals must be punished and humiliated so they will go down in history as ordinary felons of the lowest type, said Joseph B. Keenan, special counsel for General MacArthur. He will confer with MacArthur late today to determine when the trials start.

"In the past a man lost only his prestige, but now he must make a public confession of his crime and pay a heavy price in prison," he said.

Associated Press.

## Japanese Didn't Get The Idea

Pearl Harbor, Dec. 7.  
One day before the fourth anniversary of the Pearl Harbor attack, Admiral Raymond Spruance, new commander-in-chief of the Pacific Fleet, said the Japanese failed to win out the United States first line of defense in the Pacific in the attack because it didn't appreciate the capabilities of seapower as a defensive weapon.

"Instead of following up the initial success," he said, "the enemy diverted his navy, which then far outclassed ours, to support troops movements into the south-west Pacific."

The admiral said that since seapower was America's first line of defense, the Japanese might have won a quick, decisive victory if they had smashed that line.

Associated Press.

## Proposal To Break Down The Barriers

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.  
THE UNITED STATES, WITH THE BACKING OF BRITAIN TO-DAY PROPOSED THAT THE NATIONS OF THE WORLD ACT COLLECTIVELY TO BREAK DOWN INTERNATIONAL TRADE BARRIERS AND PROMOTE FULL EMPLOYMENT.

A WHITE PAPER ISSUED WITH THE BRITISH-AMERICAN FINANCIAL AGREEMENT STATED THAT THE UNITED STATES WAS STRONGLY OPPOSED TO HIGH TARIFFS, TRADE PREFERENCES AND CARTELS.

## Last Moments On Cruiser

Washington, Dec. 7.  
Coxswain Edward Keyes told a Navy general court martial yesterday that Capt. Charles McVay III shouted verbal orders to abandon ship about 15 minutes after the cruiser "Indianapolis" was hit by what was believed to be a torpedo last July, while en route alone to Leyte Gulf in the Philippines.

McVay is charged with inefficiency for failing to issue orders to abandon the warship before it sank with the loss of more than 800 lives.

Keyes said the loud speaker system failed, but he passed the order throughout the after section but was unable to get forward.

The ship sank without ever getting out a radio signal to the fleet, and the first known of the disaster was the discovery of survivors at sea four days later.

Associated Press.

## Communist Viewpoint

YENAN, DEC. 7.  
THE QUESTION OF PEACE OR WAR IN CHINA HINGES ON THE ACCEPTANCE BY GENERALISSIMO CHIANG KAI-SHEK OF THE BROAD PRINCIPLES OF A DEMOCRATIC COALITION GOVERNMENT ACCORDING TO THE OPINION OF CHINESE COMMUNIST CIRCLES HERE.

Inability to sell that point to Chiang Kai-shek caused the failure of General Patrick Hurley's mission as United States Ambassador.

Any impression that Chiang was ready and willing to give in on that subject and even offered to take the Communists into the government immediately, was totally false, Yenian leaders assert.

The approaching peace talks in Chungking, which are likely to decide the course in future, would be helped by considering the little published Communist demands, Yenian says.

Associated Press.

LONDON, DEC. 7.  
MR. CLEMENT ATTLEE, PRIME MINISTER, AMID LOUD MINISTERIAL CHEERS AND COUNTER-CHEERS, TOOK ISSUE IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS TO-DAY WITH MR. WINSTON CHURCHILL ON THE CHARGE THAT THE LABOUR PARTY HAD DRIVEN A WEDGE BETWEEN THE PARTIES.

SPEAKING AFTER MR. CHURCHILL IN THE DEBATE, THE PRIME MINISTER SAID: "I HAVE NOT FORGOTTEN MR. CHURCHILL'S ELECTION SPEECH, IN WHICH HE SAID THAT THERE MIGHT BE A GESTAPO IN BRITAIN IF THE SOCIALISTS WON. NOR HAVE THE PEOPLE OF THIS COUNTRY." MR. ATTLEE ADDED TO RENEWED CHEERS.

"I have also had the pleasure of reading Mr. Churchill's speech the other day to his party—a very different type of speech from the one we have had to-day. The burden of Mr. Churchill's speech is this; he asks when we were elected to carry out the Socialist programme did we not carry out the Conservative programme (Ministerial laughter)."

"To Mr. Churchill everything that is conservative is normal, to him anyone that is changing the world and wants a change must be wrong. We are always asked to rally round, be patriotic and keep things as they are. Well, we were not returned for that purpose.

"Mr. Churchill earned rightly the respect of this country as a great man, who inspired our fighting forces.

"To-day, quite rightly on that vote of censure, he is coming forward as a partisan, and his speech though studiously couched in terms that suggested he was only considering the good of the country was, in fact, an entirely partisan speech."

SAME POLICY  
"Anyone who differed from him was following some foolish, and whenever he suggested that we shall carry out the good old Conservative policies he was

speaking for Labour (laughter). We do not accept that."

Dealing with Mr. Churchill's criticism of the above rate of demobilisation, which was based on age and length of service, Mr. Attlee recalled that Mr. Churchill's policy at the end of the last war was precisely the same.

"We pledged our word to the troops and now we are urged to depart from it," he said.

Mr. Attlee denied Mr. Churchill's assertion that the rate of demobilisation was being reduced from 12,000 a day to 9,000 a day at the end of the year.

Mr. Churchill intervened to say he was glad to hear that.

NAVAL SAVINGS  
The Prime Minister suggested that some of the things which had been said by the Opposition did not do the country any good abroad. He suggested that people who want to support the Labour Party's foreign policy should not "stink" all the time.

Regarding finance, Mr. Attlee said that a reduction in expenditure was being tackled vigorously. The Ministry of Supply's expenditure for August-September-October was 40 per cent. less than for the corresponding period in 1944.

Naval construction, mainly owing to cancellations since VE-Day, showed that a saving of over £700,000,000 would be achieved.

Mr. Attlee said that Mr. Churchill's main indictment was the failure of nationalisation was hovering over basic industries. Was it Mr. Churchill's view that the basic industries were so rotten that they drew the veil?

NO UNCERTAINTY  
Mr. Churchill talked about growing uncertainty. There was no uncertainty whatever.

The Party has stood for a nationalisation programme for 40 years or more, and even Members of the Opposition might have realised by now that when Labour got the majority it would naturally bring in nationalisation.

The Premier said the suggestion that the proposals for nationalisation diverted the Government from its immediate task was an example of a static mind. Were the Conservatives satisfied with the coal industry?

It was a question of the best way of dealing with the economic machinery—the Conservative way of private enterprise and things being left as they are, or the Government's way.

"We have had 20 years of floundering with their way, and now we are going to take our way," added Mr. Attlee.

WONDERFUL CRY  
Although the vote of censure was nominally directed against the Government, it seemed more a vote of censure on the part of the Tory Party.

It seemed to be a terrible shock that a Government should come in which was prepared to carry out its policies.

Now, said Mr. Attlee, there was a wonderful cry which the Opposition put forward of "People versus Socialists."

At the time of the general election the Tory Party were the nation, according to Mr. Churchill's propaganda. Now, they were the people.

He thought Mr. Churchill must surely have had in mind the days of the people's budget when he and the Liberal Party were standing for the repeal against the Tory Party (laughter).

"If he only goes back for a period (when Mr. Churchill was a Liberal), he will remember telling us that the Conservatives were ruining the country."

"But Mr. Churchill was called to the Premiership not by the Tory Party—he was despised and rejected by them. He was called in by the action and with the support of the Socialist vultures."

At the end of the debate, the Labour Government defeated the Opposition's vote of censure by 381 votes to 197.

TO-DAY'S FOOTBALL  
The first game of the Triangular Football Competition in aid of the Kwong Wah Club funds will be played this afternoon on the Revere ground at 4.15 p.m. between H.M.S. Montclare and Royal Air Force.

McKee Port, Penn., Dec. 7.  
Hugh Devore, Notre Dame football coach, this season will not return next year, he told the Boosters Club to-day. Frank Leahy, Irish pre-war coach recently discharged from the Navy, is slated to resume his old post, Devore explained.

Associated Press.

## New State

Berne, Dec. 7.  
A movement to set up an "Alpine Federal State" with more than 20,000,000 inhabitants as a breakaway from Austria and Southern Germany has been launched in Bregenz, capital of the Austrian province of Vorarlberg, now occupied by the French, says a report reaching here—Reuter.

## YAMASHITA TO DIE

MANILA, DEC. 7.  
LIEUTENANT GENERAL YAMASHITA, CONVICTED OF CONDONING ATROCITIES BY HIS TROOPS WAS TO-DAY SENTENCED TO DEATH BY HANGING. MAJOR-GENERAL RUSSEL B. REYNOLDS, PRESIDENT OF THE MILITARY COURT WHICH TRIED YAMASHITA READ THE VERDICT.

Nearly 200 prosecution witnesses during the three-week testimony related story after story of mass horrors including cremation alive by flaming gasoline and other atrocities committed by Yamashita's troops.

Yamashita was never once accused of personally having harmed anyone nor having witnessed the brutalities. He was accused, however, of never having once lifted a finger to prevent such atrocities.

Yamashita was the first of top Japanese accused war criminals to be tried. In his own behalf Yamashita denied he ever knew of such atrocities and he asserted he was only indirectly responsible as the commander for he was subject to orders from Tokyo and from Count Terauchi, Commander of the southern regions, including Manila.

Just before the verdict was read Yamashita said: "My conscience is clear. I want to thank the Commission for a fair trial."

Associated Press.

## TRANSPORT IN TOW

New York, Dec. 7.  
The Navy reported to-day a rescue tug had taken the drifting troop transport Henry Ward Beecher into tow and was expected to arrive at Bermuda shortly.

Associated Press.

Paris, Dec. 7.

It was learned here to-night that the French Government has unilaterally reduced the number of occupation forces in Germany by 25,000 men.—Reuter.

## Culmination Of Two Years Study

LONDON, DEC. 7.  
THE PRIME MINISTER, WELCOMING THE U. S. PROPOSALS SETTING OUT THE SUGGESTED LINES FOR AN INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON TRADE AND EMPLOYMENT, POINTED OUT THAT THEY ARE THE CULMINATION OF TWO YEARS' STUDY AND EXCHANGE OF IDEAS BETWEEN OUR OWN EXPERTS AND THOSE OF THE U. S. A.

THERE HAD ALSO BEEN VALUABLE CONSULTATIONS WITH EXPERTS FROM THE DOMINIONS AND INDIA.

"Recent talks in Washington, preceding the publication of the U. S. A. document were, of course, conducted on behalf of United Kingdom alone, and I am not in a position to speak for our partners in the Commonwealth, none of whom is in any way committed," said Mr. Attlee.

"I would only say now that while we have kept closely in touch with them during conversations it is quite understood that each of the governments concerned will be able to approach the international discussions with full freedom of action."

The United States' suggestion will be subjected to full discussion before any final agreement is arrived at.

Nevertheless, His Majesty's Government in welcoming these proposals, desire to express their agreement with the broad objectives aimed at; that is, to draw up a code of conduct for international commerce and facilitate its expansion—so as to secure as far as possible full employment at rising standards of living in all countries joining that scheme."

Pointing out that the preamble stresses the necessity for all countries to adopt domestic measures to preserve a high level of economic activity, Mr. Attlee said, "It is, of course, the intention of the Government to adopt such measures, but the success of our domestic measures will be assisted, and the expansion of our export trade will be greatly promoted, if other countries also adopt appropriate domestic policies for high and stable levels of employment."—London Press Service.

STABLE LEVELS  
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FOOTBALL MEETING  
A meeting of footballers will be held on Tuesday, at 6.15 p.m. in Room No. 407, Hong Kong Hotel, for the purpose of re-organising the League. Team managers and captains and all others interested in football are invited to attend.

DAVIS CUP CHALLENGE  
London, Dec. 7.  
The British Lawn Tennis Association, announces that Great Britain has challenged Australia, the holders of the Davis Cup.

The Association also announces that as soon as the challenge is received from the United States for the Wimbledon Cup, it will be accepted. The match will be played in England.—Reuter.

# Arab League Reply To Bevin Scheme

CAIRO, DEC. 7.  
ABDEL RAHMAN BEY, SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE ARAB LEAGUE SAID TO-DAY THAT "NAZI ZIONIST TERRORISM" DOMINATES PALESTINE. ON BEHALF OF THE LEAGUE, WHICH REPRESENTS SEVEN ARAB STATES, IN A FORMAL STATEMENT, ANSWERING BRITISH FOREIGN MINISTER BEVIN'S DECLARATION CALLING FOR CONTINUED JEWISH IMMIGRATION INTO PALESTINE, BEY SAID:

"The Zionists are using all means of persecution and violence to gain a Jewish majority in Palestine, and the Zionist attempt to force a Jewish majority and to create a Jewish State in Palestine is making it impossible to find a compromise between Arabs and Jews."

"It is known in many circles that a great number of Jews in Palestine itself desire to leave the country for the United States and other places," the statement said.

"They have expressed their desire despite the Nazi-Zionist terrorism which unfortunately dominates Palestine and which opposes its authorities and restricts the freedom of Jews themselves as individuals or groups to express their own free opinions and wishes."

NOT JUSTIFIED  
The statement said that investigations by the Anglo-American Committee of inquiry for further immigration into Palestine were not justified. They appreciated Mr. Bevin's "sincere effort" but it was impossible "to cure persecution with another sort of persecution."

"The Arabs will never be able to agree to any Jewish immigration emanating from Zionist pressure," the statement said.

"The Zionist attempt to force a Jewish majority and create a Jewish state in Palestine is making it impossible to find a compromise between Arabs and Jews. Moreover, it has created permanent friction between both parties without precedent in history."

ZIONIST OBJECT  
Referring to Mr. Bevin's declaration that in the interim period Jewish immigration should continue "at the present monthly rate," the statement expressed fear that this was proposed as a result of Zionist

He adds that when members of the United States committee on postwar economic policy and planning saw Stalin recently in Moscow they were reported to have touched on the subject of credits.

The Generalissimo was "most interested," according to United States sources.

No public reference was ever made in Moscow to the possibility of such assistance from America.

WORLD PACTS  
The State Department, it is understood, is to seek as quickly as possible a world-wide series of trade pacts.

Countries named are Soviet Russia, Belgium, Holland, Czechoslovakia, Brazil, Cuba and France.

Having tied up these agreements Washington proposes a trade conference in the Spring to prepare the way for a big international meeting later on world economic co-operation.

Latest trade reports received by Reuter in Washington indicate that a French economic mission will leave Paris for Washington shortly to negotiate a substantial commercial credit in addition to a new loan.

Reuter.

## Sunday's Softball

(By "ONLOOKER")  
No League games are down for decision this Sunday, but softball fans will be treated to two good games, when Cyclones cross bats with U.S.S. Brannon and an all-American team play the Rest of the Colony. The first game will be at 10.30 a.m. and the venue is Revere ground.

Cyclones, who are the dark horses of the League, have many former players of local international fame. They will be under the captaincy of "Barney" Abbas, with "Senior" Markar as catcher. Both are confident of success.

The following have been chosen to represent Royal Navy: Scorer (H.M.S. Vengeance); Walker (H.M.S. Bermuda); MacArthur (H.M.S. Manxton); MacArthur (H.M.S. Montclare); Knight (H.M.S. Tamar); Martin (H.M.S. Vengeance); Butt (H.M.S. Montclare); Freeman (H.M.S. Nabcatcher); Perry (R.M.), Griffith (H.M.S. Nabcatcher).

Reserves: Carson (H.M.S. Bermuda); Goldie (H.M.S. Artifice); Hunter (R.M.); Pontious (H.M.S. Artifice).

Linesman:—R.P.O. Bartlett.

Columbus, Ohio, Dec. 7.  
The Chicago White Sox sold Pitcher Johnny Humphries to the Philadelphia Athletics yesterday in the first major league deal at the convention of the National Baseball Association.—Associated Press.

Fresno, Calif., Dec. 7.  
Drake University of Des Moines, Iowa, has been named to meet Fresno State in the first annual "Halsin Bowl" football game on New Year's Day.—Associated Press.

## Way Off It

Washington, Dec. 7.  
S. A. Goudamit, chief of the Army intelligence mission to Germany, said to-day the Nazis never got close to learning the secret of the atomic bomb.

The Allies, at the time a German "heavy water" plant in Norway was wrecked by a special demolition raiding team, thought Germany might be approaching mastery of the steadily secret.—Associated Press.

## Optimistic China Trade Prospects

San Francisco, Dec. 7.  
Joseph Layko of Seattle, of the import-export firm of Layko and Ross, predicted to-day a fast rising volume of trade with China as the result of Japanese war losses.

He said the textile industry already was well underway in Shanghai before the war and was increased vastly by the Japanese, who moved major manufacturing units in from Japan. He said what was left in Japan had been mostly destroyed by American bombings.—Associated Press.

## Moscow Next Up For American Loans

WASHINGTON, DEC. 7.  
IT IS LEARNED IN WASHINGTON THAT MOSCOW CIRCLES EXPECT NOW THAT THE ANGLO-AMERICAN LOAN TALKS ARE COMPLETED, THAT A LARGE UNITED STATES CREDIT FOR RUSSIA WILL COME UP FOR WASHINGTON'S CONSIDERATION.

ERIC DOWNTON, REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT IN MOSCOW, MENTIONS SIMILAR EXPECTATIONS IN THE SOVIET CAPITAL.

He adds that when members of the United States committee on postwar economic policy and planning saw Stalin recently in Moscow they were reported to have touched on the subject of credits.

The Generalissimo was "most interested," according to United States sources.

No public reference was ever made in Moscow to the possibility of such assistance from America.

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Reuter.

## ARMY-NAVY FOOTBALL

His Excellency, The Commander-in-Chief, Admiral Sir Cecil Harcourt, and Commander D. H. Everett, R.N., D.S.O., will be attending the exhibition football game between Royal Navy and Army on Sunday.

The following have been chosen to represent Royal Navy: Scorer (H.M.S. Vengeance); Walker (H.M.S. Bermuda); MacArthur (H.M.S. Manxton); MacArthur (H.M.S. Montclare); Knight (H.M.S. Tamar); Martin (H.M.S. Vengeance); Butt (H.M.S. Montclare); Freeman (H.M.S. Nabcatcher); Perry (R.M.), Griffith (H.M.S. Nabcatcher).

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Drake University of Des Moines, Iowa, has been named to meet Fresno State in the first annual "Halsin Bowl" football game on New Year's Day.—Associated Press.

## Freedom Of Action

LONDON, DEC. 6.  
MR. CLEMENT ATTLEE, IN A STATEMENT ON NIGHT ON THE AMERICAN PROPOSALS FOR AN INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON TRADE AND EMPLOYMENT, SAID THAT THE RECENT TALKS IN WASHINGTON WERE, OF COURSE, CONDUCTED ON BEHALF OF THE UNITED KINGDOM ALONE.

"I am not in the position to speak for our partners in the Commonwealth, none of whom is in any way committed," he added.

"I would only say now that while we have kept closely in touch with them during the conversations, it is quite understood that each of the Governments concerned will be able to approach international discussions with full freedom of action."—Reuter.

## RADIO

SATURDAY DECEMBER 8th 1945.  
TELEVISION QUICKENON AT THE PIANO—FROM THE STUDIO.

2.30 HONGKONGS broadcasting on a frequency of 640 Kilocycles and from 12.30 to 1.30 p.m., 6.30 to 7.30 p.m. and 9.00 to 11.00 p.m. also on 2.32 Megacycles.

H.K.T.  
12.30 p.m.—Daily Programme Summary.  
12.35 p.m.—Maurice Winnick & His Orchestra.

1.00 p.m.—New & Announcements.  
1.10 p.m.—Blind—"Jeux d'Enfants".  
1.25 p.m.—Ballad Suite.  
1.35 p.m.—Compositions of Elsbeth.  
2.00 p.m.—Close Down.  
2.30 p.m.—Old Times in Spring Time.  
2.50 p.m.—London Relay—News.  
3.15 p.m.—"Ever-Eye"—The Elsbeth Ballad—ENBA.

7.30 p.m.—Studio—Teleg. Quickendon & Millington.  
7.45 p.m.—Jazzette MacDonald (Sop.) & New Light Symphonic Orchestra.  
8.00 p.m.—"Music Time"—ENBA.  
8.30 p.m.—London Relay—News.  
8.55 p.m.—Elections from well-known Ballads.

9.25 p.m.—Fritz Kreisler (Violin) & Emilia Righi (Soprano).  
9.50 p.m.—Bournemouth Municipal Orchestra.  
10.00 p.m.—"Brahms"—Quartet in A Minor, Op. 51.  
11.00 p.m.—Close Down.

Programmes marked "ENBA" are recorded specially for Service stations and by the Department of National Service Administration.

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